Ginger Roberts - Search Reg

?show files;ds

File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2001/UD, UM & UP=200115

```
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd
File 344: CHINESE PATENTS ABS APR 1985-2001/Feb
         (c) 2001 EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE
File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2000/Nov (UPDATED 010309)
         (c) 2001 JPO & JAPIO
Set
        Items
                Description
          434
                AUCTION OR AUCTIONS OR AUCTIONING
S1
S2
       194901
                BIDDER? OR BUYER? OR PARTICIPANT? ? OR INDIVIDUAL
        69956
                ON()SITE OR ONSITE OR AUCTION()HOUSE? OR OFFLINE OR OFF()L-
S3
             INE OR LIVE OR REALTIME OR REAL()TIME OR IN()PERSON OR INPERS-
S4
      1435266
                ONLINE? OR ON()LINE OR INTERNET? OR NETWORK OR WEB OR WWW -
             OR CYBERSPACE? OR ELECTRONIC OR REMOTE
                BID OR BIDS OR OFFER OR OFFERS OR BIDDING
S5
        88164
                (MAXIMUM OR HIGHEST OR OPTIMAL OR BEST) (5N) (PROXY OR INTER-
S6
            3
             MEDIATE OR INTERIM OR BETWEEN) (5N) (PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
S7
            0
                MAXIMUM(2N)PROXY(2N)(PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
           14
                (ACCESS? OR CONNECT? OR PARTICIPATE? OR PARTICIPATING OR J-
S8
             OIN? OR LINK?) (5N) (REMOTE? OR OFFSITE OR OFF()SITE OR S4) (5N) -
             S1
S9
            9
                S1 AND S2 AND S3 AND S4
S10
            0
                S1 AND S3 AND S4 AND S6
S11
            8
                S1 AND S3 AND S4 AND S5
           23
S12
                S8:S11
                S12 AND PR=19990101:99999999
S13
            8
S14
           15
                S12 NOT S13
                (UPDAT? OR DYNAMIC? OR CORRECT? OR CHANG? OR UP()"TO"()DATE
S15
         2242
              OR INTELLIGENT OR INTELLIGENCE OR MODIF?) (4N) (S5 OR PRICE)
S16
           11
                S1 AND S15
                S16 NOT S14
S17
            8
                S17 AND PR=19990101:99999999
S18
            1
                S17 NOT S18
S19
```

?t19/4/all

```
(Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 2000-365201/200031|
XR- <XRPX> N00-273336|
TI- Computer implemented optimal bid selecting for combinational auction
    in Internet, involves searching data structure of received bids for
    item allocating, during which allocated items are excluded in
    successive bids!
PA- SANDHOLM T (SAND-I) |
AU- <INVENTORS> SANDHOLM T|
NC- 088|
NP- 002|
PN- WO 200025231 A1 20000504 WO 99US23978 PN- AU 200012048 A 20000515 AU 200012048
                                              A 19991025 200031 B
                                             A 19991025 200039
AN- <LOCAL> WO 99US23978 A 19991025; AU 200012048 A 19991025|
AN- <PR> US 98179659 A 19981027|
FD- WO 200025231 A1 G06F-017/10
    <DS> (National): AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE
    DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK
    LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ
    TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS
    LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW
FD- AU 200012048 A G06F-017/10
                                  Based on patent WO 200025231|
LA- WO 200025231(E<PG> 61)|
DS- <NATIONAL> AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM
    EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS
    LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR
    TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW|
DS- <REGIONAL> AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; EA; ES; FI; FR; GB; GH; GM; GR; IE;
    IT; KE; LS; LU; MC; MW; NL; OA; PT; SD; SE; SL; SZ; TZ; UG; ZW|
AB- <PN> WO 200025231 A11
AB- <NV> NOVELTY - Bids for auctioning items and their valuations are
    received and stored in data tree structure. The bit valuations for the
    items are searched repeatedly using iterative-deepening A-search
    method, to allocate items to best bid having optimal valuation. The
    allocated items are excluded for successive search. When valuations for
```

- items by some bidders are dominated by others, the dominated bids are excluded. AB- \BASIC> USE - For combinational auction for electronic commerce in
- Internet, such as for auctioning communication bandwidth by FCC, for allocating electricity service, for specific time slots, for trading debt or equity securities such as bonds, in vehicle routing situation for bidding combination of locations to travel, for carriage of items for shipment, landing slot bidding for airplane, for selecting among hospitals or specific department in hospital for treatment, software development contract, WWW indexing, for hiring subcontractors by contractors, for guarantee bidding of product or service for particular period.

ADVANTAGE - By adopting stop mask data structure, efficient search of items and their valuations can be performed. By repeated search, the bid valuations can be updated immediately.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart of bid valuation search process.

pp; 61 DwgNo 5/8|

DE- <TITLE TERMS> COMPUTER; IMPLEMENT; OPTIMUM; BID; SELECT; COMBINATION; AUCTION ; SEARCH; DATA; STRUCTURE; RECEIVE; BID; ITEM; ALLOCATE;

```
ALLOCATE; ITEM; EXCLUDE; SUCCESSION; BID!
IC- <MAIN> G06F-017/10|
MC- <EPI> T01-E01B; T01-J05A1; T01-J05B3|
            (Item 2 from file: 350)
 19/4/2
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 1999-540216/199945|
XR- <XRPX> N99-400371|
TI- Telecommunications network controlling method for routing calls on
    basis of economic incentives offered by participating carriers|
PA- SUMMIT TELECOM SYSTEMS INC (SUMM-N) |
AU- <INVENTORS> COYLE W F; JOHNSON J J|
NC- 023|
NP- 0021
                  A1 19990819 WO 99US1867
                                             A 19990210 199945 BI
PN- WO 9941861
                 A 19990830 AU 9926537
PN- AU 9926537
                                             A 19990210 200003|
AN- <LOCAL> WO 99US1867 A 19990210; AU 9926537 A 19990210|
AN- <PR> US 9822720 A 199802121
FD- WO 9941861
                  A1 H04J-003/12
    <DS> (National): AU BR CA JP MX
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
                 A H04J-003/12
                                   Based on patent WO 9941861|
FD- AU 9926537
LA- WO 9941861(E<PG> 75)|
DS- <NATIONAL> AU BR CA JP MX!
DS- <REGIONAL> AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LU; MC;
    NL; PT; SE
AB- <PN> WO 9941861 A1|
AB- <NV> NOVELTY - Each telecommunications carrier (62) bidding for traffic
    informs a moderator computer (89) of the rate offered for a particular
    service. The moderator transmits bid information to the carriers and
    also processes the data and transmits carrier selection information to
    subscribing auction switches (90) implementing an auction service.
AB- <BASIC> DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The method involves receiving a call
    attempt in an originating switch, including a caller identifier, and
    associating the caller identifier with a presubscribed first carrier
    access code identifying a first auction switch from among all the
    switches in the system. The call attempt is then routed to the first
   auction switch, which selects a carrier, based on an economic choice,
    using the processed data from the moderator, and routes the call to the
    selected carrier.
        USE - For routing calls in accordance with economic incentives,
    e.g. least cost routing, offered by participating carriers.
        ADVANTAGE - With the development of competition between carriers,
    the method is of great benefit to consumers in that it stimulates this
    competition and facilitates both a carrier's and a consumer's ability
    to make economic choices between carriers. A carrier may change its
   bids as often as it likes as traffic patterns change. Each subscribing
    switch can select those carriers to which it wants traffic routed and
    can change that selection at any time.
        DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing is a schematic
    representation of an exemplary network architecture showing
    transmission of bid information from the moderator to a subscribing
    switch receiving call attempts from a local exchange switch.
        Carriers (62)
        Carriers' points of presence (88)
```

Moderator computer (89)

```
Subscribing auction switch (90)
        Local exchange switc: (91)
        pp; 75 DwgNo 14/17|
DE- <TITLE TERMS> TELECOMMUNICATION; NETWORK; CONTROL; METHOD; ROUTE; CALL;
    BASIS; ECONOMY; OFFER; PARTICIPATING; CARRY!
DC- W01; W02|
IC- <MAIN> H04J-003/12|
MC- <EPI> W01-C02A7A; W01-C02B9; W02-K02B1|
FS- EPIII
            (Item 3 from file: 350)
 19/4/3
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 1998-495418/199842|
XR- <XRPX> N98-386997|
TI- Automated auction among energy providers and end users - using
    moderating computer to collect and process economic incentive data from
    each provider and distribute processed data to end user control
    computers|
PA- SUMMIT TELECOM SYSTEMS INC (SUMM-N); GEOPHONIC NETWORKS INC (GEOP-N) |
AU- <INVENTORS> COYLE W F; JOHNSON J J|
NC- 0231
NP- 0041
                                             A 19980224 199842 BI
PN- WO 9838844
                  A2 19980911 WO 98US2910
                  A 19980922 AU 9865349
                                             Α
                                                19980224 199908
PN- AU 9865349
                  A2 20000126 EP 98911382
                                             A 19980224 200010
PN- EP 974114
                        A 19980224
    <AN> WO 98US2910
                  A 20000404 US 9739041
                                             A 19970224 200024
PN- US 6047274
    <AN> US 9764421
                        A 19971030
                          199802131
                        Α
    <AN> US 9823968
AN- <LOCAL> WO 98US2910 A 19980224; EP 98911382 A 19980224; WO 98US2910 A
    19980224; US 9739041 A 19970224; US 9764421 A 19971030; US 9823968 A
    19980213; AU 9865349 A 199802241
AN- <PR> US 9823968 A 19980212; US 9739041 A 19970224; US 9764421 A
    19971030|
CT- No-SR. Publ
                  A2 G06F-015/00
FD- WO 9838844
    <DS> (National): AU BR CA JP
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL'PT SE
                  A2 G06F-017/60
FD- EP 974114
                                   Based on patent WO 9838844
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
                  A G06F-017/60
                                   Provisional application US 9739041
FD- US 6047274
               Provisional application US 9764421
FD- AU 9865349
                  A G06F-019/00
                                   Based on patent WO 9838844|
LA- WO 9838844(E<PG> 65); EP 974114(E)|
DS- <NATIONAL> AU BR CA JP|
DS- <REGIONAL> AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LU; MC; NL;
    PT; SE; LI|
AB- <BASIC> WO 9838844 A
        The method of the automated auction stimulates competition
    between energy suppliers consisting of electric power or natural gas. A
```

The method of the automated **auction** stimulates competition between energy suppliers consisting of electric power or natural gas. It bidding moderator receives bids from the competing suppliers of the rate each is willing to charge to particular end users for estimated quantities of electric power or gas supply. Each type of supply has separate **auctions**.

Each supplier receives competing bids from the moderator and has the opportunity to adjust its own bids down or up, depending on whether it wants to encourage or discourage additional energy delivery commitments in a particular geographic area or to a particular customer

```
group. Each supplier's bids can also be changed to reflect each
    supplier's capacity utilization.
        ADVANTAGE - The method provides an auction service that will
    stimulate competition between energy suppliers and facilitate the
    consumers ability to make economic choices between providers.
        Dwg.1/16|
DE- <TITLE TERMS> AUTOMATIC; AUCTION ; ENERGY; END; USER; MODERATE;
    COMPUTER; COLLECT; PROCESS; ECONOMY; DATA; DISTRIBUTE; PROCESS; DATA;
    END; USER; CONTROL; COMPUTER!
DC- T01; X12|
IC- <MAIN> G06F-015/00; G06F-017/60; G06F-019/00|
MC- <EPI> T01-J05A; T01-J05B; T01-J05B4P; X12-H01B; X12-H04; X12-H09|
FS- EPI | |
 19/4/4
            (Item 4 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 1998-092030/199809|
XR- <XRPX> N98-073263|
TI- Auction method using wireless portable terminal, for wholesale market
    - by displaying progress situation of auction , and altering auction
    price according to remaining number of auction articles|
PA- NKK CORP (NIKN ) |
NC- 001|
NP- 001|
                 A 19971212 JP 96254909 A 19960926 199809 BI
PN- JP 9319801
AN- <LOCAL> JP 96254909 A 19960926|
AN- <PR> JP 9668414 A 19960325|
FD- JP 9319801
                 A G06F-019/00|
LA- JP 9319801(11)|
AB- <BASIC> JP 9319801 A
        The method involves the use of wireless portable terminals (1,2) by
    an auction vendor and the auction customers. The progress situation
    of auction is displayed by a moving display device (4) controlled by
    a transaction controller (4) connected to the portable terminals. The
   auction customers use the portable terminals to participate in the
   auction . If the total of the desired purchasing quantity exceeds a
    listed quantity, the auction price will sequentially be raised.
        Raising of the auction price ends when the sum total of the
    desired purchasing quantity is below the listed quantity. The
    allocation of the listed auction article is decided according to the
    desired purchasing quantity of the auction customer. The lowering of
    the auction price of the remaining number of auction articles is
    displayed on the moving display device. The remaining articles are
    allocated to the auction customers according to the order of arrival.
    The auction price is lowered until there is no more article left.
        ADVANTAGE - Auction articles do not need to be put on moving
    mechanism e.g. band conveyor. Simplifies operation since price
   modification is made automatically according to remaining number of
    articles.
        Dwg.1/6|
DE- <TITLE TERMS> AUCTION ; METHOD; WIRELESS; PORTABLE; TERMINAL; MARKET;
    DISPLAY; PROGRESS; SITUATE; AUCTION ; ALTER; AUCTION ; PRICE; ACCORD;
    REMAINING; NUMBER; AUCTION ; ARTICLE!
DC- T01|
IC- <MAIN> G06F-019/00|
```

MC- <EPI> T01-J05A|

FS- EPI||

```
(Item 5 from file: 350)
 19/4/5
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- 'Image available*
AA- 1997-188121/199717|
XR- <XRPX> N97-155436|
TI- Truck carrier system for transporting vegetables, fruits, marine
    products such as fish - has conveyance path switching unit which
    controls conveyance path of truck such that it reaches predetermined
    location
PA- NKK CORP (NIKN ) |
NC- 001|
NP- 001|
                  A 19970218 JP 95199884 A 19950804 199717 BI
PN- JP 9048519
AN- <LOCAL> JP 95199884 A 199508041
AN- <PR> JP 95199884 A 19950804|
FD- JP 9048519
                 A B65G-047/48|
LA- JP 9048519(9)|
AB- <BASIC> JP 9048519 A
        The system has a conveyance track (1) for transit of a number of
    trucks (3). Each one of the trucks are transported to a predetermined
    location decided by a controller. The truck conveyance path to the
    required location is controlled by a conveyance path switching unit.
        The truck conveyed through the chosen conveyance path to required
    location to controlled by a transit controller.
                             correct and flexible operation,
        ADVANTAGE - Offers
    automatically in response to auction information input to system.
        Dwg.3/71
DE- <TITLE TERMS> TRUCK; CARRY; SYSTEM; TRANSPORT; VEGETABLE; FRUIT; MARINE
    ; PRODUCT; FISH; CONVEY; PATH; SWITCH; UNIT; CONTROL; CONVEY; PATH;
    TRUCK; REACH; PREDETERMINED; LOCATE|
DC- Q35; T06; X25|
IC- <MAIN> B65G-047/48|
IC- <ADDITIONAL> B65G-001/00; B65G-001/137; B65G-043/00; G05D-001/02|
MC- <EPI> T06-B01A; T06-D08F; X25-F05A|
FS- EPI; EngPI||
 19/4/6
            (Item 1 from file: 347)
FN- DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO
CZ- (c) 2001 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.
TI- AUCTION SYSTEM
PN- 2000-322490 -JP 2000322490 A-PD- November 24, 2000 (20001124)
AU- KAWAMURA MASAO; ENDO TADAO; MURAKAMI ISAO; MATSUMURA FUMIO; OTA OSAMU;
      ÚCHIYAMA KOICHI
PA- NEC CORP; NIPPON DENKI INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY KK; TOYOTA USEC KK
AN- 11-131138 -JP 99131138-
AN- 11-131138 -JP 99131138-
AD- May 12, 1999 (19990512)
G06F-019/00
AB- PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an auction system capable of
      obtaining information required for an auction from a desktop
      terminal prepared for every auction participant as well. SOLUTION:
      This auction system has desktop terminals K11-K1n provided for
      every auction participant, auction switches W11-W1n provided for
      every auction participant, an auction controller C1 for updating
       a price offered by a bidder by receiving a signal from the
     auction switch operated by the auction participant, an auction
      data processor S1 for receiving the price offered by the bidder from
```

the auction controller and transmitting it to the desktop terminals of the auction participants and an auction article data server Al for receiving the number of an article for sale at auction from the auction controller C1 before the start of the auction and transmitting the information on the article for sale at auction corresponding to the received number of the article for sale at auction while previously storing the information on articles for sale at auction and the desktop terminal synchronously displays the price offered by the bidder from the auction data processor S1 and the information on the article for sale at auction from the auction article data server A1. COPYRIGHT: (C)2000, JPO

(Item 2 from file: 347)

19/4/7

```
FN- DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO
CZ- (c) 2001 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.
TI- PREDICTION OPERATION PROCESSING METHOD FOR AUCTION SUCCESSFUL BID
      PRICE OF USED CAR AND PREDICTION OPERATION PROCESSOR FOR AUCTION
      SUCCESSFUL BID PRICE OF USED CAR
PN- 11-025158 -JP 11025158 A-
PD- January 29, 1999 (19990129)
AU- INO RYOICHI
PA- INO RYOICHI
AN- 09-174885 -JP 97174885-
AN- 09-174885 -JP 97174885-
AD- June 30, 1997 (19970630)
G06F-017/60
AB- PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To make even an inexperienced person able to
      easily and appropriately predict a successful bid price by
     correcting a basic auction price based on the evaluation point
      of an auction place by adding a traveling distance result amount
      and an automobile inspection remaining period addition amount.
       SOLUTION: In the assessment of the successful bid price, the type of
      the auction place is selected first (step 1) and the information of
      an auction object car is inputted (step 2). At the time, the
      information of the evaluation point evaluated for the object car in
      the place or the like is inputted. Then, the presence/absence of the
      input of the required item of the information for the object car is
      judged (step 3), and in the case that the required item is inputted,
      the present condition of a vehicle is inputted (step 4). Further, the
      presence/absence of the problem of the present condition of the
      vehicle is judged (step 5), and in the case that there is no problem
      in the present condition, the calculation processing of the auction
      successful bid price is performed (step 7). Then, the basic auction
      price computed based on the evaluation point of the place is
      corrected by adding the traveling distance result amount and the
      automobile inspection remaining period addition amount and the
      successful bid price is predicted. COPYRIGHT: (C)1999, JPO
```

6 March 20, 2001 15:56

?t19/4/all

```
(Item 1 from file: 350)
 19/4/1
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 2000-365201/200031|
XR- <XRPX> N00-273336|
TI- Computer implemented optimal bid selecting for combinational auction
    in Internet, involves searching data structure of received bids for
    item allocating, during which allocated items are excluded in
    successive bids|
PA- SANDHOLM T (SAND-I)|
AU- <INVENTORS> SANDHOLM T|
NC- 0881
NP- 002|
PN- WO 200025231 A1 20000504 WO 99US23978
PN- AU 200012048 A 20000515 AU 200012048
                                               A 19991025 200031 BI
                                              A 19991025 200039
AN- <LOCAL> WO 99US23978 A 19991025; AU 200012048 A 19991025|
AN- <PR> US 98179659 A 19981027|
FD- WO 200025231 A1 G06F-017/10
    <DS> (National): AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE
    DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK
    LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ
    TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS
```

- LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TZ UG ZW FD- AU 200012048 A G06F-017/10 Based on patent WO 200025231
- LA- WO 200025231 (E<PG> 61) |
- DS- <NATIONAL> AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW|
- DS- <REGIONAL> AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; EA; ES; FI; FR; GB; GH; GM; GR; IE; IT; KE; LS; LU; MC; MW; NL; OA; PT; SD; SE; SL; SZ; TZ; UG; ZW|
- AB- <PN> WO 200025231 A1|
- AB- <NV> NOVELTY Bids for auctioning items and their valuations are received and stored in data tree structure. The bit valuations for the items are searched repeatedly using iterative-deepening A-search method, to allocate items to best bid having optimal valuation. The allocated items are excluded for successive search. When valuations for items by some bidders are dominated by others, the dominated bids are excluded.
- AB- <BASIC> USE For combinational auction for electronic commerce in Internet, such as for auctioning communication bandwidth by FCC, for allocating electricity service, for specific time slots, for trading debt or equity securities such as bonds, in vehicle routing situation for bidding combination of locations to travel, for carriage of items for shipment, landing slot bidding for airplane, for selecting among hospitals or specific department in hospital for treatment, software development contract, WWW indexing, for hiring subcontractors by contractors, for guarantee bidding of product or service for particular period.

ADVANTAGE - By adopting stop mask data structure, efficient search of items and their valuations can be performed. By repeated search, the bid valuations can be updated immediately.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the flowchart of bid valuation search process.

pp; 61 DwgNo 5/8|

DE- <TITLE TERMS> COMPUTER; IMPLEMENT; OPTIMUM; BID; SELECT; COMBINATION; AUCTION; SEARCH; DATA; STRUCTURE; RECEIVE; BID; ITEM; ALLOCATE;

```
ALLOCATE; ITEM; EXCLUDE; SUCCESSION; BID!
DC- T01|
IC- <MAIN> G06F-017/10|
MC- <EPI> T01-E01B; T01-J05A1; T01-J05B3|
 19/4/2
            (Item 2 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 1999-540216/199945|
XR- <XRPX> N99-400371|
TI- Telecommunications network controlling method for routing calls on
    basis of economic incentives offered by participating carriers |
PA- SUMMIT TELECOM SYSTEMS INC (SUMM-N) |
AU- <INVENTORS> COYLE W F; JOHNSON J J
NC- 0231
NP- 0021
                  A1 19990819 WO 99US1867
                                             A 19990210 199945 B
PN- WO 9941861
                  A 19990830 AU 9926537
                                             A 19990210 200003|
PN- AU 9926537
AN- <LOCAL> WO 99US1867 A 19990210; AU 9926537 A 19990210|
AN- <PR> US 9822720 A 19980212|
                  A1 H04J-003/12
FD- WO 9941861
    <DS> (National): AU BR CA JP MX
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
                  A H04J-003/12
FD- AU 9926537
                                  Based on patent WO 9941861|
LA- WO 9941861(E<PG> 75)|
DS- <NATIONAL> AU BR CA JP MX|
DS- <REGIONAL> AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LU; MC;
    NL; PT; SE
AB- <PN> WO 9941861 A1|
AB- <NV> NOVELTY - Each telecommunications carrier (62) bidding for traffic
    informs a moderator computer (89) of the rate offered for a particular
    service. The moderator transmits bid information to the carriers and
    also processes the data and transmits carrier selection information to
    subscribing auction switches (90) implementing an auction service.
AB- <BASIC> DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The method involves receiving a call
    attempt in an originating switch, including a caller identifier, and
    associating the caller identifier with a presubscribed first carrier
    access code identifying a first auction switch from among all the
    switches in the system. The call attempt is then routed to the first
   auction switch, which selects a carrier, based on an economic choice,
    using the processed data from the moderator, and routes the call to the
    selected carrier.
        USE - For routing calls in accordance with economic incentives,
    e.g. least cost routing, offered by participating carriers.
        ADVANTAGE - With the development of competition between carriers,
    the method is of great benefit to consumers in that it stimulates this
    competition and facilitates both a carrier's and a consumer's ability
    to make economic choices between carriers. A carrier may change its
   bids as often as it likes as traffic patterns change. Each subscribing
    switch can select those carriers to which it wants traffic routed and
    can change that selection at any time.
        DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing is a schematic
    representation of an exemplary network architecture showing
    transmission of bid information from the moderator to a subscribing
    switch receiving call attempts from a local exchange switch.
        Carriers (62)
        Carriers' points of presence (88)
```

Moderator computer (89)

```
Subscribing auction switch (90)
       Local exchange switch (91)
        pp; 75 DwgNo 14/17|
DE- <TITLE TERMS> TELECOMMUNICATION; NETWORK; CONTROL; METHOD; ROUTE; CALL;
    BASIS; ECONOMY; OFFER; PARTICIPATING; CARRY!
DC- W01; W02|
IC- <MAIN> H04J-003/12|
MC- <EPI> W01-C02A7A; W01-C02B9; W02-K02B1|
FS- EPIII
            (Item 3 from file: 350)
 19/4/3
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 1998-495418/199842|
XR- <XRPX> N98-386997|
TI- Automated auction among energy providers and end users - using
    moderating computer to collect and process economic incentive data from
    each provider and distribute processed data to end user control
    computers |
PA- SUMMIT TELECOM SYSTEMS INC (SUMM-N); GEOPHONIC NETWORKS INC (GEOP-N) |
AU- <INVENTORS> COYLE W F; JOHNSON J J
NC- 023|
NP- 004|
                  A2 19980911 WO 98US2910
PN- WO 9838844
                                             A 19980224 199842 BI
                                             Α
                                                19980224 199908
PN- AU 9865349
                  A 19980922 AU 9865349
                  A2 20000126 EP 98911382
                                             A 19980224 200010
PN- EP 974114
                        A 19980224
    <AN> WO 98US2910
                                             A 19970224 200024
                  A 20000404 US 9739041
PN- US 6047274
                        A 19971030
    <AN> US 9764421
    <AN> US 9823968
                        A 19980213|
AN- <LOCAL> WO 98US2910 A 19980224; EP 98911382 A 19980224; WO 98US2910 A
    19980224; US 9739041 A 19970224; US 9764421 A 19971030; US 9823968 A
    19980213; AU 9865349 A 19980224|
AN- <PR> US 9823968 A 19980212; US 9739041 A 19970224; US 9764421 A
    19971030|
CT- No-SR.Pub|
FD- WO 9838844
                  A2 G06F-015/00
    <DS> (National): AU BR CA JP
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE
                  A2 G06F-017/60
                                   Based on patent WO 9838844
FD- EP 974114
    <DS> (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
                                   Provisional application US 9739041
                  A G06F-017/60
FD- US 6047274
               Provisional application US 9764421
FD- AU 9865349
                  A G06F-019/00
                                   Based on patent WO 9838844|
LA- WO 9838844(E<PG> 65); EP 974114(E)|
DS- <NATIONAL> AU BR CA JP|
DS- <REGIONAL> AT; BE; CH; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LU; MC; NL;
    PT; SE; LI|
AB- <BASIC> WO 9838844 A
        The method of the automated auction stimulates competition
```

The method of the automated **auction** stimulates competition between energy suppliers consisting of electric power or natural gas. A bidding moderator receives bids from the competing suppliers of the rate each is willing to charge to particular end users for estimated quantities of electric power or gas supply. Each type of supply has separate **auctions**.

Each supplier receives competing bids from the moderator and has the opportunity to adjust its own bids down or up, depending on whether it wants to encourage or discourage additional energy delivery commitments in a particular geographic area or to a particular customer

```
group. Each supplier's bids can also be changed to reflect each
    supplier's capacity utilization.
        ADVANTAGE - The method provides an auction service that will
    stimulate competition between energy suppliers and facilitate the
    consumers ability to make economic choices between providers.
        Dwg.1/16|
DE- <TITLE TERMS> AUTOMATIC; AUCTION ; ENERGY; END; USER; MODERATE;
    COMPUTER; COLLECT; PROCESS; ECONOMY; DATA; DISTRIBUTE; PROCESS; DATA;
    END; USER; CONTROL; COMPUTER!
DC- T01; X12|
IC- <MAIN> G06F-015/00; G06F-017/60; G06F-019/00|
MC- <EPI> T01-J05A; T01-J05B; T01-J05B4P; X12-H01B; X12-H04; X12-H09|
FS- EPI!
            (Item 4 from file: 350)
 19/4/4
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 1998-092030/199809|
XR- <XRPX> N98-073263|
TI- Auction method using wireless portable terminal, for wholesale market
    - by displaying progress situation of auction , and altering auction
    price according to remaining number of auction articles|
PA- NKK CORP (NIKN ) |
NC- 001|
NP- 001|
                 A 19971212 JP 96254909 A 19960926 199809 BI
PN- JP 9319801
AN- <LOCAL> JP 96254909 A 19960926|
AN- <PR> JP 9668414 A 19960325|
FD- JP 9319801
                 A G06F-019/00|
LA- JP 9319801(11)|
AB- <BASIC> JP 9319801 A
        The method involves the use of wireless portable terminals (1,2) by
    an auction vendor and the auction customers. The progress situation
    of auction is displayed by a moving display device (4) controlled by
    a transaction controller (4) connected to the portable terminals. The
   auction customers use the portable terminals to participate in the
   auction . If the total of the desired purchasing quantity exceeds a
    listed quantity, the auction price will sequentially be raised.
        Raising of the auction price ends when the sum total of the
    desired purchasing quantity is below the listed quantity. The
    allocation of the listed auction article is decided according to the
    desired purchasing quantity of the auction customer. The lowering of
    the auction price of the remaining number of auction articles is
    displayed on the moving display device. The remaining articles are
    allocated to the auction customers according to the order of arrival.
    The auction price is lowered until there is no more article left.
        ADVANTAGE - Auction articles do not need to be put on moving
    mechanism e.g. band conveyor. Simplifies operation since price
   modification is made automatically according to remaining number of
    articles.
        Dwg.1/6|
DE- <TITLE TERMS> AUCTION ; METHOD; WIRELESS; PORTABLE; TERMINAL; MARKET;
    DISPLAY; PROGRESS; SITUATE; AUCTION ; ALTER; AUCTION ; PRICE; ACCORD;
    REMAINING; NUMBER; AUCTION ; ARTICLE |
DC- T01|
IC- <MAIN> G06F-019/00|
MC- <EPI> T01-J05A|
FS- EPI||
```

```
(Item 5 from file: 350)
 19/4/5
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2001 Derwent Info Ltd. All rts. reserv.
IM- *Image available*
AA- 1997-188121/199717|
XR- <XRPX> N97-1554361
TI- Truck carrier system for transporting vegetables, fruits, marine
    products such as fish - has conveyance path switching unit which
    controls conveyance path of truck such that it reaches predetermined
    location
PA- NKK CORP (NIKN ) |
NC- 001|
NP- 001|
PN- JP 9048519
                  A 19970218 JP 95199884 A 19950804 199717 BI
AN- <LOCAL> JP 95199884 A 199508041
AN- <PR> JP 95199884 A 19950804|
FD- JP 9048519
                 A B65G-047/48|
LA- JP 9048519(9)|
AB- <BASIC> JP 9048519 A
        The system has a conveyance track (1) for transit of a number of
    trucks (3). Each one of the trucks are transported to a predetermined
    location decided by a controller. The truck conveyance path to the
    required location is controlled by a conveyance path switching unit.
        The truck conveyed through the chosen conveyance path to required
    location to controlled by a transit controller.
        ADVANTAGE - Offers
                             correct and flexible operation,
    automatically in response to auction information input to system.
        Dwg.3/71
DE- <TITLE TERMS> TRUCK; CARRY; SYSTEM; TRANSPORT; VEGETABLE; FRUIT; MARINE
    ; PRODUCT; FISH; CONVEY; PATH; SWITCH; UNIT; CONTROL; CONVEY; PATH;
    TRUCK; REACH; PREDETERMINED; LOCATE|
DC- Q35; T06; X25|
IC- <MAIN> B65G-047/48|
IC- <ADDITIONAL> B65G-001/00; B65G-001/137; B65G-043/00; G05D-001/02|
MC- <EPI> T06-B01A; T06-D08F; X25-F05A|
FS- EPI; EngPI||
 19/4/6
            (Item 1 from file: 347)
FN- DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO
CZ- (c) 2001 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.
TI- AUCTION SYSTEM
PN- 2000-322490 -JP 2000322490 A-PD- November 24, 2000 (20001124)
AU- KAWAMURA MASAO; ENDO TADAO; MURAKAMI ISAO; MATSUMURA FUMIO; OTA OSAMU;
      UCHIYAMA KOICHI
PA- NEC CORP; NIPPON DENKI INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY KK; TOYOTA USEC KK
AN- 11-131138
              -JP 99131138-
AN- 11-131138 -JP 99131138-
AD- May 12, 1999 (19990512)
G06F-019/00
AB- PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an auction system capable of
      obtaining information required for an auction from a desktop
      terminal prepared for every auction participant as well. SOLUTION:
      This auction system has desktop terminals K11-K1n provided for
      every auction participant, auction switches W11-W1n provided for
      every auction participant, an auction controller C1 for updating
       a price offered by a bidder by receiving a signal from the
     auction switch operated by the auction participant, an auction
      data processor S1 for receiving the price offered by the bidder from
```

the auction controller and transmitting it to the desktop terminals of the auction participants and an auction article data server Al for receiving the number of an article for sale at auction from the auction controller Cl before the start of the auction and transmitting the information on the article for sale at auction corresponding to the received number of the article for sale at auction while previously storing the information on articles for sale at auction and the desktop terminal synchronously displays the price offered by the bidder from the auction data processor Sl and the information on the article for sale at auction from the auction article data server Al. COPYRIGHT: (C) 2000, JPO

```
19/4/7
            (Item 2 from file: 347)
FN- DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIOI
CZ- (c) 2001 JPO & JAPIO. All rts. reserv.
TI- PREDICTION OPERATION PROCESSING METHOD FOR AUCTION SUCCESSFUL BID
     PRICE OF USED CAR AND PREDICTION OPERATION PROCESSOR FOR AUCTION
     SUCCESSFUL BID PRICE OF USED CAR
PN- 11-025158 -JP 11025158 A-
PD- January 29, 1999 (19990129)
AU- INO RYOICHI
PA- INO RYOICHI
AN- 09-174885 -JP 97174885-
AN- 09-174885 -JP 97174885-
AD- June 30, 1997 (19970630)
G06F-017/60
AB- PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To make even an inexperienced person able to
      easily and appropriately predict a successful bid price by
    correcting a basic auction price based on the evaluation point
     of an auction place by adding a traveling distance result amount
      and an automobile inspection remaining period addition amount.
      SOLUTION: In the assessment of the successful bid price, the type of
      the auction place is selected first (step 1) and the information of
      an auction object car is inputted (step 2). At the time, the
      information of the evaluation point evaluated for the object car in
     the place or the like is inputted. Then, the presence/absence of the
     input of the required item of the information for the object car is
     judged (step 3), and in the case that the required item is inputted,
      the present condition of a vehicle is inputted (step 4). Further, the
      presence/absence of the problem of the present condition of the
      vehicle is judged (step 5), and in the case that there is no problem
     in the present condition, the calculation processing of the auction
     successful bid price is performed (step 7). Then, the basic auction
      price computed based on the evaluation point of the place is
     corrected by adding the traveling distance result amount and the
     automobile inspection remaining period addition amount and the
     successful bid price is predicted. COPYRIGHT: (C)1999, JPO
?
```

```
?show files;ds
File 15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2001/Mar 20
         (c) 2001 Bell & Howell
       9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2001/Mar 19
File
         (c) 2001 Resp. DB Svcs.
File 623:Business Week 1985-2001/Mar W3
         (c) 2001 The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc
File 810: Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
         (c) 1999 Business Wire
File 275:Gale Group Computer DB(TM) 1983-2001/Mar 19
         (c) 2001 The Gale Group
File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications 1985-2001/Mar 15
         (c) 2001 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc
Set
        Items
                Description
S1
        52291
                AUCTION OR AUCTIONS OR AUCTIONING
S2
       788086
                BIDDER? OR BUYER? OR PARTICIPANT? ? OR INDIVIDUAL
S3
                ON()SITE OR ONSITE OR AUCTION()HOUSE? OR OFFLINE OR OFF()L-
       406424
             INE OR LIVE OR REALTIME OR REAL()TIME OR IN()PERSON OR INPERS-
             ON
S4
                ONLINE? OR ON()LINE OR INTERNET? OR NETWORK OR WEB OR WWW -
      2244752
             OR CYBERSPACE? OR ELECTRONIC OR REMOTE
      1437627
S5
                BID OR BIDS OR OFFER OR OFFERS OR BIDDING
56
          903
                 (MAXIMUM OR HIGHEST OR OPTIMAL OR BEST) (5N) (PROXY OR INTER-
             MEDIATE OR INTERIM OR BETWEEN) (5N) (PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
S7
                MAXIMUM(2N) PROXY(2N) (PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
S8
                 (ACCESS? OR CONNECT? OR PARTICIPATE? OR PARTICIPATING OR J-
         1211
             OIN? OR LINK?) (5N) (REMOTE? OR OFFSITE OR OFF() SITE OR S4) (5N) -
             S1
S9
          404
                S1(S)S2(S)S3(S)S4
S10
            0
                S1(S)S3(S)S4(S)S6
S11
          654
                S1(S)S3(S)S4(S)S5
S12
         1878
                S8:S11
S13
          436
                S12 AND PY<1999
S14
         1442
                S12 NOT S13
S15
        50087
                (UPDAT? OR DYNAMIC? OR CORRECT? OR CHANG? OR UP()"TO"()DATE
              OR INTELLIGENT OR INTELLIGENCE OR MODIF?) (4N) (S5 OR PRICE)
S16
          394
                S1(S)S15
S17
          353
                S16 NOT S14
S18
          213
                S17 AND PY<1999
S19
          140
                S17 NOT S18
                S14 NOT S19
S20
         1442
S21
            0
                S6(S)S9
S22
            9
                S9(S)S15
S23
           26
                S12(S)(S6 OR S7 OR S15)
S24
           26
                S22 OR S23
S25
            9
                S24 AND PY<1999
S26
            9
                RD (unique items)
?t26/3,k/all
               (Item 1 from file: 15)
 26/3, K/1
DIALOG(R) File 15:ABI/Inform(R)
(c) 2001 Bell & Howell. All rts. reserv.
01789875 04-40866
Uses and consequences of electronic markets: An empirical investigation in
the aircraft parts industry
Choudhury, Vivek; Hartzel, Kathleen S; Konsynski, Benn R
MIS Quarterly v22n4 PP: 471-507 Dec 1998
ISSN: 0276-7783 JRNL CODE: MIS
WORD COUNT: 16910
```



...TEXT: list a product and solicit bids from buyers over a fixed period of time.

markets do not support direct price comparisons but Some **electronic** provide market intelligence that helps buyers and sellers be more informed negotiators. For instance, Centrox includes a database of auction results on all major paintings and sculpture sold at 172 auction SportsNet, an electronic market for sports cards, includes reports of daily fluctuations in prices to help subscribers determine the value of cards before buying or selling (Roush 1994). On Fastparts Plus (www .fastparts.com), a market for electronic components, buyers and sellers can exchange bids and counter-bids directly over the system until they agree on a price.

Execution: Finally, an electronic market...

26/3, K/2(Item 2 from file: 15) DIALOG(R)File 15:ABI/Inform(R) (c) 2001 Bell & Howell. All rts. reserv.

00893232 95-42624 Car auctions via Business TV to debut Messmer, Ellen Network World v11n30 PP: 20 Jul 25, 1994 ISSN: 0887-7661 JRNL CODE: NWW

...TEXT: dealerships are given preapproved credit lines. The highest bid is displayed on screen to all on -line bidders . "The price changes in all systems in less than a tenth of a second," Dennis noted.

Dealers have...

WORD COUNT: 531

26/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 9) DIALOG(R)File 9:Business & Industry(R) (c) 2001 Resp. DB Svcs. All rts. reserv.

02145338 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT) Packaged Apps Give Auctioneers Rich New Options (Forrester Research projects online auctions will handle volume of \$52.6 bil by 2002, compared with \$2.9 bil annually today) InternetWeek, p 14 May 25, 1998 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ISSN: 0746-8121 (United States)

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 595

ABSTRACT:

...multiple bids for multiple items from a single page. LiveExchange features a Java client for real -time updates of bid prices. Both OpenSite and LiveExchange have beefed up E-mail notification systems. OpenSite added missives that tell a **bidder** whether they've been outbid or topped a reserve price for automated sale. **Web** installation features in both systems also allow administrators to distribute creation and maintenance of auctions to corporate managers devoid of computer skills. OpenSite has largely been used by Internet start-ups, but that's beginning to change. OpenSite will add a well-known corporate... ...base of 80 customers this week. However, there are impediments to widespread adoption of corporate auction systems. For starters, trading groups typically require the ability to authenticate bidders and track whether a bid has been tampered with en route-technologies that are just

coming live today via digital certificates. Moreover, auction systems often imply introduction of new business processes, as many large corporate enterprises are more...

...to working off of price lists and prenegotiated contracts than selling products to the highest bidder .

26/3,K/4 (Item 2 from file: 9)

DIALOG(R)File 9:Business & Industry(R)

(c) 2001 Resp. DB Svcs. All rts. reserv.

01976722 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Onsale Extends Internet Auction With CBS SportsLine

(Onsale announces deal with CBS SportsLine to jointly develop Sports and Fitness Auction SuperSite)

Newsbytes News Network, p N/A

October 28, 1997

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ISSN: 0983-1592 (United States)

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 287

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

...Home Driving Ranges. According to Elkins, any autographed item ships with a certificate of authenticity. Internet users wanting to participate in an auction need to click a button on the Web site and fill out a simple registration form. The registration process provides users with an identification for bidding. As bids are received, prices changed or merchandise sold, Onsale's Web pages are automatically updated. Users can also have their...

26/3,K/5 (Item 1 from file: 810)

DIALOG(R) File 810: Business Wire

(c) 1999 Business Wire . All rts. reserv.

0837582 BW1185

FAIRMARKET: FairMarket Goes Live: Revolutionary Online Site Delivers Daily Business-to-Business Auctions

April 20, 1998

Byline: Business/Technology Editors

...a short period of time. I like it and my customers love it!"

FairMarket's online auctions guarantee a win-win for buyers and sellers. Buyers have broad access to business-to-business products, automatically receive auction updates and actively bid on products. Buyers also obtain auction product previews via email. The alerts match user product...

26/3,K/6 (Item 1 from file: 275)

DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM)

(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02111503 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 19809283 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Building and running online auctions. (Bonsai Software's Webalog online catalog creation tool) (Product Information)



Gorda, Brent; Wilson, Gregory V. Dr. Dobb's Journal, v22, n10, p84(6)

Oct, 1997

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract ISSN: 1044-789X LANGUAGE: English

LINE COUNT: 00229 WORD COUNT: 2639

based applications.

I an auction, users can browse the items for sale and enter a maximum (proxy) bid price . The Webalog server then plays out the bidding until at least one bidder's maximum...

... This cycle repeats until a time deadline is reached, or until an undisputed winner emerges. Online visitors can participate in multiple auctions at the same time, relying on Webalog to keep diem abreast of their position in...

19971000

26/3,K/7 (Item 2 from file: 275) DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02102054 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 19765596 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) It's the readers' turn to name the top Web sites. (Directory)

Berst, Jesse

PC Week, v14, n39, p93(1)

Sep 15, 1997

DOCUMENT TYPE: Directory ISSN: 0740-1604 LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 529 LINE COUNT: 00045

ABSTRACT: An informal survey of readers nominating top Web sites indicates that sites offering travel services, news and information about key products are popular. Users also find online telephone directories especially helpful. Infospace is the first site to integrate phone numbers with maps and E-mail addresses, and the online Canadian Yellow Pages includes general interest areas as well as a business directory. The www .Windows95.com URL, not owned by Microsoft, offers shareware, driver updates and unofficial information about the OS. Microsoft's own default.asp page provides official information about Microsoft products. Hoovers.com is an excellent resource for corporate financial information, while www .thetrip.com has a real -time flight tracker in addition to conventional trip planning and booking features. The New York Times... ... Execmag.com for senior managers, Geocities for free E-mail and Onsale.com for an auction .

19970915

(Item 3 from file: 275) 26/3,K/8 DIALOG(R) File 275: Gale Group Computer DB(TM) (c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

SUPPLIER NUMBER: 19720638 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) 02096206 Online auctioning offers new way of doing business. (Internet/Web/Online Service Information)

Hamilton, Tyler

Computing Canada, v23, n17, p41(1)

August 18, 1997

ISSN: 0319-0161 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 711 LINE COUNT: 00058



... holding regular online mictions over their Web site.

Take Calgary-based Canadian Airlines, which holds Web -based auctions for members of its frequent flyer program. A spare server, a spare database and a little bit of programming allows the airline to run a real-time auction over a five-day period every month. Instead of money, members bid with points for various travel packages, which include flights, hotel accommodations and car rentals. Highest bids are updated every 15 minutes on the site.

Mike Bader, manager of interactive marketing with the airline...

19970818

. . . .

26/3,K/9 (Item 1 from file: 624)
DIALOG(R)File 624:McGraw-Hill Publications
(c) 2001 McGraw-Hill Co. Inc. All rts. reserv.

00843560

ACE SAYS MORE SMALL FIRMS TOOK PART IN ITS RECENT `RECLAIM' CREDIT AUCTION

Utility Environment March 14, 1997; Pg 7; Vol. 181, No. 60

Journal Code: UER ISSN: 1503-9379

Section Heading: Emissions Trading

Word Count: 507 *Full text available in Formats 5, 7 and 9*

TEXT:

... system in which participants can buy and sell RECLAIM emission credits through the Internet and modify their bids daily based on the clearing price at the end of the previous day. More than half the companies participating in this auction placed orders through the Internet using ACE software. The remaining companies participated at ACE's computer center.

This auction was different in that only coastal zone credits...

1997

?

```
?shdw files;ds
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
         (c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc
File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2001/Mar 19
         (c) 2001 The Gale Group
File 621:Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2001/Mar 19
         (c) 2001 The Gale Group
    16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2001/Mar 19
         (c) 2001 The Gale Group
File 160: Gale Group PROMT(R) 1972-1989
         (c) 1999 The Gale Group
File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2001/Mar 19
         (c) 2001 The Gale Group
     20:World Reporter 1997-2001/Mar 20
         (c) 2001 The Dialog Corporation
Set
        Items
                Description
S1
       315203
                AUCTION OR AUCTIONS OR AUCTIONING
S2
                BIDDER? OR BUYER? OR PARTICIPANT? ? OR INDIVIDUAL
      2841280
S3
      1962373
                ON()SITE OR ONSITE OR AUCTION()HOUSE? OR OFFLINE OR OFF()L-
             INE OR LIVE OR REALTIME OR REAL()TIME OR IN()PERSON OR INPERS-
             ON
S4
     10007708
                ONLINE? OR ON()LINE OR INTERNET? OR NETWORK OR WEB OR WWW -
             OR CYBERSPACE? OR ELECTRONIC OR REMOTE
      6164850
                BID OR BIDS OR OFFER OR OFFERS OR BIDDING
S5
S6
         2881
                (MAXIMUM OR HIGHEST OR OPTIMAL OR BEST) (5N) (PROXY OR INTER-
             MEDIATE OR INTERIM OR BETWEEN) (5N) (PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
S7
                MAXIMUM(2N) PROXY(2N) (PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
           10
S8
                (ACCESS? OR CONNECT? OR PARTICIPATE? OR PARTICIPATING OR J-
         9631
             OIN? OR LINK?) (5N) (REMOTE? OR OFFSITE OR OFF()SITE OR S4) (5N) -
S9
         4385
                S1(S)S2(S)S3(S)S4
S10
                S1(S)S3(S)S4(S)S6
           13
S11
         7107
                S1(S)S3(S)S4(S)S5
S12
        16916
                S8:S11
S13
         1615
                S12 AND PY<1999
S14
        15301
                S12 NOT S13
                (UPDAT? OR DYNAMIC? OR CORRECT? OR CHANG? OR UP()"TO"()DATE
S15
       176614
              OR INTELLIGENT OR INTELLIGENCE OR MODIF?) (4N) (S5 OR PRICE)
S16
         2022
                S1(S)S15
S17
         1757
                S16 NOT S14
S18
          709
                S17 AND PY<1999
S19
         1048
                S17 NOT S18
                S14 NOT S19
S20
        15301
S21
           13
                S6(S)S9
S22
           61
                S9(S)S15
S23
          197
                S12(S)(S6 OR S7 OR S15)
S24
          197
                S22 OR S23
S25
           37
                S24 AND PY<1999
S26
           19
                RD (unique items)
?t26/3,k/all
 26/3,K/1
              (Item 1 from file: 813)
DIALOG(R) File 813:PR Newswire
(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.
1337321
                            ATW013
IN CPR AUT MLM SU
                                                 WORD COUNT:
DATE:
       September 9, 1998
                                11:15 EDT
                                                             1,074
```

1 March 20, 2001 17:27

... Another Manheim Online feature driving dealer success is Silent

CyberAuctions enabling dealers to interactively sid real time on vehicles across the country directly from their desktops. CyberAuctions allows dealers to find vehicles online that meet their inventory needs and strategically develop a bid list, submit online offers and track the highest bids. CyberAuctions gives dealers the advantage to bid on multiple vehicles at the auction 's beginning and track vehicle bids throughout the online sale. When one dealer raises a bid, CyberAuctions automatically updates all dealers' bid lists online to continuously provide the most current information and pricing for each vehicle. At the sale's conclusion, Manheim Online posts the complete sales data informing dealers of the final bids and purchasers.

Accelerating Growth

Based on Manheim Auctions' aggressive technology initiative for 1998, the company...

26/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 813)

DIALOG(R) File 813:PR Newswire

(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

1289225 LATU056

Moai Technologies Provides Enabling Technology for Adauction.Com's Successful Media Buying Platform

DATE: June 9, 1998 09:02 EDT WORD COUNT: 769

... Technologies. As a full Java application, LiveExchange 2.0 is the only business-to-business, Web -based auction system that provides real -time, publish and subscribe data updating, such as bid changes, price updates, and audit trail creation. Customers brand their auctions with the customizable templates. Using LiveExchange 2.0, a company can establish product auctions that provide buyers with a range of information, such as current high bid, minimum bid, bidder 's last bid, bid increment, auction closing time, product availability, manufacturer's selected retail price, product description, shipping and warranty information...

26/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 813)

DIALOG(R) File 813:PR Newswire

(c) 1999 PR Newswire Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

1264836 SFF013

Moai Technologies' LiveExchange Selected for Ingram Micro's Auction Block

DATE: April 24, 1998 09:00 EDT WORD COUNT: 842

...Java application, it is the only business-to-business, Web-based auction system that provides real -time, publish and subscribe data updating, such as bid changes, price updates, and audit trail creation. Customers brand their auctions with the customizable templates. Using LiveExchange 2.0, a company can establish product auctions that provide buyers with a range of information, such as current high bid, minimum bid, bidder 's last bid, bid increment, auction closing time, product availability, manufacturer's selected retail price, product description, shipping and warranty information...

26/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 813) DIALOG(R)File 813:PR Newswire (c) 1999 PR Newsa :e Association Inc. All rts. reserv.

1117030 SFW044

The Stars Come Out in Seattle

DATE: June 25, 1997 15:26 EDT WORD COUNT: 577

... various television shows. Additionally, this year will include one of the first-ever FMZ Interactive On - Line auctions where virtually anyone on -line around the world can participate in the bidding of the auction items. Bids taken on the floor during the auction will be integrated with those taken on -line via the Internet. The result will be interactive "real time" bidding with updates shown on a video screen in the restaurant. Also visitors to the web site will be able to join the Star Planet Superstar Chat Session. To find out more about the FMZ Interactive On - Line Celebrity Auction visit the new 1997 StarDays web -site at www .stardays.com.

Saturday, June 28

The Bass Ale Celebrity Poker & Billiards Bash

Guests will have...

26/3,K/5 (Item 1 from file: 636)
DIALOG(R)File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)
(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04013029 Supplier Number: 53201787 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

-LAST MINUTE NETWORK: The only way to shop online.

M2 Presswire, pNA

Nov 10, 1998

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 665

(USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

TEXT:

M2 PRESSWIRE-10 November 1998-LAST MINUTE NETWORK: The only way to shop online (C)1994-98 M2 COMMUNICATIONS LTD RDATE:091198 -- UK company introduces Internet shopping service that finally gives consumers a reason to get excited about on line shopping Last Minute Network today launches lastminute.com, a revolutionary new Web site. It is the first site in the UK to offer premium products from travel, entertainment and present suppliers at a fraction of their real prices and all at the last minute. To date, Internet shopping hasn't taken advantage of what the medium can offer - lastminute.com changes that. It gives customers the best products at the best prices with live availability and a totally electronic booking process. lastminute.com fulfills a real need from suppliers of premium products for a...

...go unsold through traditional routes. At the same time, giving consumers access to fantastic value offers from five star quality companies "While working in other areas of the offline business world, I saw a gap in the marketplace for a service like lastminute.com and began developing the concept. Previous experience at setting up online companies in the UK has shown me that UK consumers are ready to take buying online seriously if they are given compelling reasons: price, choice, selection and convenience," commented Brent Hoberman, Last Minute's managing directory. "We take advantage of the Internet 's immediacy to give people the best possible up-to-the minute offers, and we guarantee that they won't be

able to get these anywhere else at a lower price. Now that's compelling." The site also features a special surround video auction area built by Intel. Bidding will kick off with an auction for one of the most desirable hotel suites in the UK with all the Spa...

...to give interesting, entertaining and fun presents when time is running out... About Last Minute Network Formed in April this year by directors Brent Hoberman and Martha Lane Fox. Last Minute Network currently has ten staff under the age of 30. At the outset, significant venture capital... ... Festival Hall and the Welsh National Opera. Gifts will be supplied by a variety of online partners such as Amazon UK, Flowers Direct, the Best of British and ChocExpress. Apollo Travel...

...s fulfilment partner and will be handling customer service and ticketing. Datacash will be providing online payment solutions. Marketing relationships with some of the best-known Internet brands in the UK including TimeOut, Virgin Net, Interactive Investor, Electronic Telegraph, Conde Nast and LineOne have also been built. The site expects over 3 million...
19981110

26/3,K/6 (Item 2 from file: 636)
DIALOG(R)File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)
(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

03737947 Supplier Number: 48083000 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
Onsale Extends Internet Auction With CBS SportsLine 10/28/97

Newsbytes, pN/A Oct 28, 1997

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; General Trade

Word Count: 301

... Home Driving Ranges.

According to Elkins, any autographed item ships with a certificate of authenticity.

Internet users wanting to participate in an auction need to click a button on the Web site and fill out a simple registration form. The registration process provides users with an identification for bidding. As bids are received, prices changed or merchandise sold, Onsale's Web pages are automatically updated. Users can also have their... 19971028

26/3,K/7 (Item 3 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

03640137 Supplier Number: 47838768 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

SURPLUSDIRECT: Bidding for bargains -- Live and online

M2 Presswire, pN/A

July 16, 1997

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 553

... out low-cost deals on new, factory-refurbished and close-out goods, and presents them **online** in the unique, fun and easy-to-use format of a **live auction**. Visitors, once registered, may **bid** on an ever-changing array of products 24 hours-a-day, and follow the action as others add their **bids** to the mix. The frequent **auctions** of a wide variety of computer

hardware and software provide constant opportunities for finding and capturing amazing bargains. Can't wait? Go to http://www .surplusauction.com/

* It's easy to get in on the action

The well-organized site...

19970716

26/3,K/8 (Item 4 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R)File 636:Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02925274 Supplier Number: 45950864 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

ADDENDUM

FCC Daily Digest, v14, n217, pN/A

Nov 20, 1995

Record Type: Fulltext Language: English

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 142

418- 0500. [Internet file name: nrmc5062.txt] PUBLIC NOTICES: FCC ANNOUNCES SHUTDOWN PROCEDURES

PUBLIC NOTICES: ELECTRONIC FILING ACCESSED CLOSED, MDS AUCTION SCHEDULE CHANGE, 900 MHz SMR AUCTION COMMENCEMENT DATE CHANGE, AND PCS C BLOCK BIDDING SEMINAR DATE CHANGE DUE TO FCC SHUTDOWN - Contact: John Spencer (MDS); Diane Law (SMR); or Louis Sigalos (C...

19951120

26/3,K/9 (Item 5 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 44934350 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) FCC SETS REGIONAL NARROWBAND AUCTIONS FOR OCT. 26, PROPOSES RULE CHANGES

Common Carrier Week, v11, n34, pN/A

August 22, 1994 Language: English Record Type: Fulltext Document Type: Newsletter; Professional Trade

Word Count: 1134

bidding information and Commission announcements, said Donald Gips, Office of Plans & Policy deputy chief.

Remote **bidding** was among several **changes** discussed at debriefing held Aug. 16 by FCC and Personal Communications Industry Assn. to obtain industry views on how auctions could be improved. Companies that participated in narrowband PCS auction in July said they weren't sure remote bidding would reduce their costs because they still might feel compelled to attend in person . Although many decried cost of having senior management attend long auction sessions in Washington, representatives of BellSouth, AirTouch and others said that as long as some activity was conducted live in Washington, they might have to be present.

Among concerns about remote participation was whether...

19940822

(Item 6 from file: 636) 26/3,K/10

DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 44926531 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) 02462032 INDUSTRY AIRS CONCERNS, SUGGESTS CHANGES AT PCS AUCTION DEBRIEFING SESSION Communications Daily, v14, n159, pN/A

August 17, 1994

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newsletter; Trade

Word Count: 451

... bidding information and Commission announcements, said Donald Gips, Office of Plans & Policy deputy chief. Remote bidding was among several changes discussed at debriefing held Tues. by FCC and Personal Communications Industry Assn. to obtain industry views on how auctions could be improved.

Companies that participated in narrowband PCS auction in July said they weren't sure remote bidding would reduce their costs because they still might feel compelled to attend in person...
19940817

26/3,K/11 (Item 1 from file: 621)
DIALOG(R)File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R)
(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01756894 Supplier Number: 53219845 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)
Internet Auction House ONSALE Depends Upon Marimba's Castanet To
Personalize Customer Relations Online.

Business Wire, p0194

Nov 16, 1998

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 541

application distribution and management (ADM) technology, announced today that ONSALE Inc., the first and largest Internet auction retailer, has deployed Castanet(tm) to create the highest level of customized, personal service in the emerging online auction marketplace. With over 160 competitors in this marketplace, ONSALE uses the capabilities offered by Castanet to differentiate itself in the marketplace, allowing customers to receive, monitor and change auction bids in real time from their desktop.

ONSALE auctions items in a variety of categories such as computers, consumer...

...sporting goods and travel. Unlike its competitors that force customers to monitor bids via different web pages for each individual product, ONSALE created its own application called Bid Watch(tm) to...

...all of the current bid data into a separate application on the desktop. While current auction house web pages are only updated when the user refreshes the page, ONSALE uses the publish-and...

...the bid status of any items subscribed to, bid on, or offered for sale in real time, updating the information in Bid Watch every ten seconds.

"Bid Watch is an industry-unique application that offers the highest ...

19981116

26/3,K/12 (Item 2 from file: 621)
DIALOG(R)File 621:Gale Group New Prod.Annou.(R)
(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01742981 Supplier Number: 53149137 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

BID COM 1998 Third-Quarter Revenue Increases 12.5 Percent From Second Quarter.

Business Wire, p0305

Oct 30, 1998

Record Type: Language: English Fulltext

Document Type: Newswire; Trade

Word Count: 1697

present at auctions," said Jeff Lymburner, President, Bid.Com International. "The ability to place absentee bids through an intelligent agent, requiring only a single mouse click to implement, greatly increases the accessibility of our online auctions to the marketplace. Bid Buddy is technologically superior to existing agents offered within the online... 19981030

26/3,K/13 (Item 1 from file: 16) DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

Supplier Number: 47915787 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Online auctioning offers new way of doing business

Hamilton, Tyler

Computing Canada, p041

August 18, 1997

Language: English Record Type: Fulltext

Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade

Word Count: 672

holding regular online auctions over their Web site.

Take Calgary-based Canadian Airlines, which holds Web -based auctions for members of its frequent flyer program. A spare server, a spare database and a little bit of programming allows the airline to run a real-time auction over a five-day period every month. Instead of money, members bid with points for various travel packages, which include flights, hotel accommodations and car rentals. Highest bids are updated every 15 minutes on the site.

Mike Bader, manager of interactive marketing with the airline... 19970818

(Item 1 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB (c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) 09734729 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 19765596 It's the readers' turn to name the top Web sites. (Directory)

Berst, Jesse

PC Week, v14, n39, p93(1) Sep 15, 1997

DOCUMENT TYPE: Directory ISSN: 0740-1604 LANGUAGE: English

RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 529 LINE COUNT: 00045

ABSTRACT: An informal survey of readers nominating top Web sites indicates that sites offering travel services, news and information about key products are popular. Users also find online telephone directories especially helpful. Infospace is the first site to integrate phone numbers with maps and E-mail addresses, and the online Canadian Yellow Pages includes general interest areas as well as a business directory. The www .Windows95.com URL, not owned by Microsoft, offers shareware, driver

updates and unofficial information about the OS. Microsoft's own default asp page provides official information about Microsoft products. Hoovers.com is an excellent resource for corporate financial information, while www .thetrip.com has a real -time flight tracker in addition to conventional trip planning and booking features. The New York Times... ... Execmag.com for senior managers, Geocities for free E-mail and Onsale.com for an auction .

19970915

26/3,K/15 (Item 2 from file: 148)
DIALOG(R)File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB
(c) 2001 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

08622737 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 17764876 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Futures contracting and dividend uncertainty in experimental asset markets. (includes appendices)

Porter, David P.; Smith, Vernon L. Journal of Business, v68, n4, p509(33) Oct, 1995

ISSN: 0021-9398 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract WORD COUNT: 8453 LINE COUNT: 00685

... An exception, reported in King et al. (1993), occurred in regulated markets that imposed a **price change** limit rule relative to the previous closing price in all periods beginning with period 2...

...prices that discount the risk-neutral dividend value of a share. (4.) This is a **real** -time continuous process in which traders submit **bids** and asks with the spread determined by a standard **bid** -ask improvement rule. (5.) Several of the experiments contained in the baseline asset market database...

...per trader was always two. (9.) Caginalp and Ermentrout (1990) and Caginalp and Balenovich (1993) **offer** a differential equation supply/demand model of this dynamic process based on a hypothesized kinetic ...

19951000

26/3,K/16 (Item 1 from file: 20)
DIALOG(R)File 20:World Reporter
(c) 2001 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

03613603 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Delos Delivers First Integrated Internet And Television Live Auction Event CANADA NEWSWIRE

December 01, 1998

JOURNAL CODE: WCNW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT WORD COUNT: 463

...web audiences to buy auction products at the same time.

AuctionEngine operates like a traditional, live auction. Several thousand people can watch or participate simultaneously, products can be sold in less than a minute, higher bids are registered immediately and the pace of the auction speeds up or slows down just like a real live auction. In addition, bids can be collected from a variety of sources including telephone and online. People can bid online at the click of a button and the auctioneer can communicate directly with the bidders and change bid increments and reserve prices while the lots are being

auctioned.

19981201

26/3,K/17 (Item 2 from file: 20)
DIALOG(R)File 20:World Reporter
(c) 2001 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

03003749

Fall Internet World 98 Exhibitor Profiles, M-Z; Conference -2-BUSINESS WIRE

October 02, 1998

JOURNAL CODE: WBWE LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 1362

- ... 150 customers (including The Sharper Image) and is the leader in technology and services for online auctions. OpenSite Auction, available in three versions, addresses the needs of business and consumer customers. Now available on CD-ROM, it automates the entire process of running real -time auctions over the Web. Using OpenSite Auction, companies can create a profitable new e-commerce channel for moving excess inventory and first...
- ... Company: Pacific HiTech Booth No.: 1821 Contact: Jeneane Harter/510-663-9153/ jeneane@pht.com WWW : http://www .pht.com Pacific HiTech is the developer of TurboLinux and other leading Linux software products...
- ... the last 6 months. Globally, Pacific HiTech is targeting the server market with its TurboLinux Internet and Intranet Server products, which will incorporate 128-bit encryption and e-commerce functionality. Pacific HiTech will integrate recognized SQL database technology into its TurboLinux Internet and Intranet Server products, providing solid applications and environments for businesses. Company: Pericom Software, Inc. Booth No.: 421 Contact: John Biancamano/ 609-588-5300/johnb@pericom-usa.com WWW : http://www.pericom-usa.com Established in 1990, Pericom Software, Inc., with the broadest range of terminal...
- ... Dun & Bradstreet as one of the UK's "Hot 100" fastest-growing private companies. At Internet World 98, Pericom will promote the latest versions of teemWorld for Java 1.02 and...
- ... teemWorld provides Java clients with anywhere-to-anywhere connectivity for accessing legacy systems via the Internet and corporate intranets. See www .pericom-usa.com or call 609-588-5300. Company: Pitney Bowes Booth No.: 3302 Contact: Sheryl Battles / 203/351-6808 / battlesh@pb.com www : .pitneybowes.com Pitney Bowes (NYSE:PBI) is showcasing two Internet messaging solutions which manage the secure routing, delivery and tracking of documents at Booth No. 3302 at the 1998 Fall Internet World. The Digital Document Delivery solution (D3) is an Internet statement delivery and bill payment application which allows customers to send high volumes of billing statements and offers payment posting options via the World Wide e-mail, fax, pager or postal mail. iSend(TM) is a platform-independent, Internet message delivery service that allows users to securely send and track electronic documents with a system which utilizes message encryption, authentication and password protection. Visit Pitney Bowes Internet Messaging Solutions at Booth 3302 or call Sheryl Battles at 203/351-6808 or Tom...

managing responses for personalized business-to-consumer documents. These "live "Java-based documents are sent securely over standard e-mail using PostX's unique electronic Envelope technology. Applications include stock trade confirmations, alerts, account summaries, invoices and statements. -- By using...

- ... 0.75 for its bottom line on every \$8 trade (Ameritrade averages over 15,000 online trades per day). -- Control Data customers -- financial institutions, insurance companies & utilities -- can send electronic confirmations, statements, invoices, and pay stubs using CDC's PostX-based e-mail services. Company: Profound Solutions Booth No.: 3769 Contact: Peter Fuller/ 800-411-2755/ pfuller@profoundsolutions.com WWW : http://www.profoundsolutions.com TRAILBLAZER, a new content distribution technology that eliminates HTML publishing, reduces costly remote access charges, manages content in its native format and is browser independent is introduced by...
- ... Progress Software Corporation Booth No.: 2167 Contact: Susan Nicolls/510-360-3556/ snicolls@apptivity.com WWW : http://www.progress.com NEW!!!! Web -business applications created with just announced Progress Apptivity 3.0 will be featured along with...
- ... tightly integrated development environment and application server for developing and deploying business applications to the **web** . Come see why companies such as Yahoo!, TCI, the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, DBSoft, PowerCerv and...
- ... Inc. Booth No.: 1657 Contact: Michael P. Binko/ 703-904-4100 x1597/ binkom@psi.com WWW : http://www .psinet.com PSINet Showcases Internet applications for businesses. PSIVoice -- Internet -based voice services takes center stage as PSINet delivers true toll-quality voice communications utilizing its proven PSINet IntraNet fully-managed services PSINet InternetPaper (Internet faxing), Security Central model. firewall), and Dedicated Hosting Services round out the Private Network (VPN) market. RADGUARD produces comprehensive solutions incorporating advanced security technologies and industry standards into high-performance hardware architectures. RADGUARD's dedicated hardware-based VPN and network security systems offer comprehensive solutions that are simple to install, transparent to the user, and compatible with all... Computer Associates Partner Pavilion 2321 Contact: Dave McNamara/ 781-932-9300/ dmcnamara@us.security7.com **WWW** : http://www .security7.com Security-7 joins the Microsoft and CA Partner Pavilions to preview the latest version of SafeGate, a unique solution for the secure deployment of internet -based business applications. SafeGate employs Dynamic Behavior Inspection, operating in real -time to inspect mobile code (Java, ActiveX, JavaScript, JScript and VBScript) on-the-fly as it enters the **network** . Complementing a corporate firewall, SafeGate inspects the behavior of mobile code at the gateway to...
- ... Company: ServiceSoft Corporation Booth No.: 1073 Contact: Leila Dillon/781-449-0049/ info@servicesoft.com WWW : http://www.servicesoft.com ServiceSoft Corporation is the industry leader in self-service customer support on the Internet with its Web Advisor and Knowledge Builder software. Web Advisor offers the intelligent guidance your customers and employees need to answer their own questions without calling your support...
- ... Check us out in booth 1073. Company: Softlok North America (A division of The Bridge Network Inc.) Booth No.: 2069 Contact: Frank Dionisi/

800-922-7434/ frank@bridge- network .com WWW : http://www .softlok.com Softlok international Ltd. introduces Sitelok, a new WEB security device. Sitelok protects HTML based web sites with a parallel port protection key that confirms user's authenticity by checking for...

...though Softlok's International's new distributor, Softlok North American (a division of The Bridge **Network** Inc.). Softlok International has been involved with security devices for over 10 years with the...

... from illegal use. Company: Soliloquy Inc. Booth No.: 4113 Contact: Catherine Winchester/ 212-481-0424 www : http://www .SoliloquyInc.com New York-based Soliloquy is delighted to announce the worldwide launch of its new computer speech technology and services at Fall Internet World 98. Soliloquy's leading edge technology, VIVID, takes voice recognition a quantum leap forward with intelligent 2-way dialogue for database queries such as web searches. Not only can you search a web site by simply speaking, but you can actually hold an intelligent two-way discussion as in a normal human conversation. Soliloquy is pleased to be able to offer its technology and services

19981002

26/3,K/18 (Item 3 from file: 20)
DIALOG(R)File 20:World Reporter
(c) 2001 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

02758136 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)
/C O R R E C T I O N -- Manheim Auctions/
PR NEWSWIRE
September 09, 1998

JOURNAL CODE: WPRW LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 1170

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... flexibility

of research efficiency, better preparing them for auction's visits Silent CyberAuctions - Another Manheim Online feature driving dealer success is Silent CyberAuctions enabling dealers to interactively bid real time on vehicles across the country directly from their desktops. CyberAuctions allows dealers to find vehicles online that meet their inventory needs and strategically develop a bid list, submit online offers and track the highest bids. CyberAuctions gives dealers the advantage to bid on multiple vehicles at the auction 's beginning and track vehicle bids throughout the online sale. When one dealer raises a bid, CyberAuctions automatically updates all dealers' bid lists online to continuously provide the most current information and pricing for each vehicle. At the sale's conclusion, Manheim Online posts the complete sales data informing dealers of the final bids and purchasers.

Accelerating Growth

Based on Manheim Auctions' aggressive technology initiative for 1998, the company...

19980909

26/3,K/19 (Item 4 from file: 20)
DIALOG(R)File 20:World Reporter
(c) 2001 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

01419911 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

FairMarket Goes Live: Revolutionary Online Site Delivers Daily Business-to-Business Auctions

BUSINESS WIRE

April 20, 1998 9:15

JOURNAL CODE: WBWE LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: FULLTEXT

WORD COUNT: 624

(USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

... a short period of time. I like it and my customers love it!" FairMarket's online auctions guarantee a win-win for buyers and sellers. Buyers have broad access to business-to-business products, automatically receive auction updates and actively bid on products. Buyers also obtain auction product previews via email. The alerts match user product...

... posted for sale, FairMarket oversees all facets of the auction process, including customer notification and **bid updates**. As a market enabler, FairMarket protects customer and vendor anonymity, ensures payment transactions, coordinates shipping...

19980420

?



interactive method of providing this advice, information, referra, and transaction capability in a step-by-step intuitive manner over an on-line network.

French Abstract

Cette invention a trait a un systeme, ainsi qu'a la methode afferente, permettant d'indiquer a des consommateurs le prix a payer pour des marchandises et des services et ce, par etablissement d'une correlation entre leurs exigences objectives, relatives a des caracteristiques du produit ou du service, et leurs exigences subjectives, comme le degre de certitude, les conditions de cloture de la transaction, la securite, la presentation ou la marque. L'invention a egalement trait a une technique interactive de fourniture de cette indication, de cette information et des capacites de transaction ainsi qu'a une technique de mise en relation avec les vendeurs et ce, d'une maniere intuitive progressive sur un reseau en direct.

Legal Status (Type, Date, Text)

pages 1-37, 20000831 Corrected version of Pamphlet: Correction

description, replaced by new pages 1-37; pages 38-43, claims, replaced by new pages 38-43; due to

late transmittal by the receiving Office

20000921 Request for preliminary examination prior to end of Examination 19th month from priority date

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... the consumer to sellers that can match those needs through data terminals, telephones, and computers connected to an on -line communications network , or to a sponsor conducting "auction " sales through data terminals and computers connected to an on communications network. The system has access to available vendor information, price quotes, and successful "auction" price behaviors.

The above and other...

(Item 8 from file: 349) 20/5.K/23

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT Fulltext

(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

Image available 00680122

INTERACTIVE REMOTE AUCTION BIDDING SYSTEM

SYSTEME INTERACTIF DE SOUMISSION DANS UNE VENTE AUX ENCHERES A DISTANCE Patent Applicant/Assignee:

DINWOODIE David Lionel, DINWOODIE, David, Lionel, 1909 Skelton, Flower Mound, TX 75028 , US

Inventor(s):

DINWOODIE David Lionel, DINWOODIE, David, Lionel, 1909 Skelton, Flower Mound, TX 75028 , US

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

WO 9963461 A1 19991209 Patent:

WO 99US11135 19990520 (PCT/WO US9911135) Application:

Priority Application: US 9886877 19980529

Designated States: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA

UG UZ VN YU ZW AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60;

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 4905

English Abstract

An interactive remote auction bidding system for conducting an auction among participants located at remote locations from the auction site utilizes a data input device for communication over a network to the auction site. The system includes a data processor located at the auction site for generating bid information for communication over the network to the remote locations. A processor located at the auction site monitors the participants' data input devices for sensing participant bids generated by the participants' data input devices. The system further displays visual bid information at the auction site for transmission over the network to the participants and generates audible bid information in support of that visual bid information.

French Abstract

L'invention concerne un systeme de soumission dans une vente aux encheres a distance permettant de proceder a une vente aux encheres entre des participants situes a des endroits a distance du site de la vente aux encheres, le systeme faisant appel a un dispositif d'entree de donnees pour etablir une communication dans un reseau avec le site de vente aux encheres. Le systeme comprend un processeur de donnees situe dans le site de vente aux encheres et destine a generer des informations de soumission destinees a etre communiquees via le reseau aux endroits a distance. Un processeur situe du cote de la vente aux encheres controle les dispositifs d'entree de donnees des participants pour detecter les soumissions des participants generees par les dispositifs d'entree de donnees des participants. Le systeme affiche egalement des informations de soumission visuelles dans le site de vente aux encheres, informations destinees a etre transmises via le reseau aux participants, et genere des informations de soumission audibles comme support de ces informations de soumission visuelles.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

Detailed Description

INTERACTIVE REMOTE AUCTION BIDDING SYSTEM

TECIINICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to an interactive communications system, and more particularly, to an interactive remote auction bidding system allowing a plurality of bidders to participate in an auction on a real -time basis from multiple remote locations.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Remarketing surplus products is a challenge for manufacturers and dealers ...incurred by buyers traveling to auctions.

A need has thus arisen for a "real-time" auction information processing system which enables individuals dispersed over a wide geographic area to participate in an auction without gathering at the auction site. A need has further arisen for a system to allow individuals to participate in an auction without requiring a large investment 'in a technical infrastructure at the buyers '/bidders ' remote locations.

SUMMARY OF THE E/TVENTION

In accordance with the present invention, an interactive remote...32 for

transmission to each remote location 12. In this manner, during the bidding process real -time information is available to each bidder at remote site 12 during the auction.

Referring now to FIG. 2, prior to commencement of the auction, communications paths are established...
...process continues at step 70 (FIG. 3).

At this point, prior to commencement of the auction, each participant at remote locations 12 are linked via network 16 to auction site 14. Processor 26 continuously monitors each input device 18 at remote locations 12 as well as transmits data to each remote location 12 over the established...

...asking bid, a predefined increment, and foreign currency conversion factors for currency denominations for the **remote** locations participating in the auction. This information is utilized by processor 26 to generate data for display 32. Display 32...

...include the amount required to displace the last bid) such that each participant at a remote location 12 participates in real -time at the auction and has current bidding information. The effect of the "real -time" display and participation is that -while some minimal communication/calculation delays may be present, participants will be able to effectively interact with and see current information on the auction process as if the participants were actually present at auction site 14. An additional parameter that is initialized is the duration or cycle time during which bids are accepted. This parameter may also be adjusted by auctioneer 24 during the auction.

After initialization of the system, processor 26 begins accepting bids at step 70 from the...whether the bid is accepted or not.

It therefore can be seen that the present remote auction bidding system allows participants at remote locations from the auction site to participate in an interactive manner in an auction. Participants view a real -time video broadcast, via video conference, broadcast television, satellite, cable or Internet transmission and communicate bids utilizing an input device such as, for example, a traditional telephone. The auction is capable of incorporating and receiving bids from remote participants having multi-cultures, language, and currencies.

Although more sophisticated communication devices including, for example, two...

Claim

- ... utilizing the data input devices; and means located at the auction site for displaying in real -time, bid information for transmission to the bidders at the remote locations utilizing the network.
 - 2. The system of Claim 1 wherein the data input devices include telephones and said...
- ...devices during a predetermined time period; means located at the auction site for displaymig *in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder information; and means located at the auction site for broadcasting in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder identification to the bidders at the remote locations utilizing the network.
 - 9. The system of Claim 8 wherein the data input devices include

telegranes and said...the data input devices during a predeternimied time period; displaying at the auction site in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder information; and broadcasting in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder identification to the bidders at the remote locations utiEzm*g the network.

- 12. The method of Clauin 11 wherein the data input devices include telephones and the...
- ...claims 2, 3, 9 and 12 cancelled; remaining claims unchanged (3 pages)]

 1. An interactive real -time remote auction bidding system for conducting an auction among a plurality of bidders located at remote locations from the auction site, each of the plurality of bidders having a telephone including a dual tone multifrequency transmitter/processor for communicating over a telephone network to the auction site, the system comprising:

means located at the auction site for generating bid information and...

- ...accepted at the auction site; and means located at the auction site for displaying in real -time, bid information for transmission in real -time to the plurality of bidders at the remote locations.
- The system of Claim I wherein said display means includes a display of ...
 increments.
- 11. A method for conducting an auction in real-time among a plurality of bidders located at remote locations from the auction site, each of the plurality of bidders having a telephone including a dual tone multifrequency transmitter/processor for communicating over a telephone to the auction site, comprising:

generating at the auction ...telephones by detecting tones transmitted on the telephone network; displaying at the auction site in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder information; and broadcasting in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder identification to the plurality of bidders at the remote locations.

- 13. The method of Claim 11 wherein the displaying step displays a current bid
- ...Claim I I wherein the step of broadcasting includes broadcasting via television.
 - 8. An interactive real -time remote auction bidding system for conducting an auction among a plurality of bidders located at remote locations from the auction site, each of the plurality of bidders having a telephone including a dual tone multifrequency transmitter/processor for communicating over a telephone network to the auction site, the system comprising:

means located at the auction site for generating asking bids, and...

...is accepted at the auction site; means located at the auction site for displaying in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder information; and means located at the auction site for broadcasting in real -time, current bid acceptances, an asking bid and bidder identification to the plurality of bidders at the remote locations.

10. The system of $Claim\ 8$ wherein said display means displays a current bid...

20/5, K/24 (Item 9 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT Fulltext

(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00658047 **Image available**

BIDDING FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS TRAFFIC

TENTATIVE DE PRISE DE LIGNE DANS UN TRAFIC DE TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

SUMMIT TELECOM SYSTEMS INC, SUMMIT TELECOM SYSTEMS, INC., 332

Springfield Avenue, Summit, NJ 07901 , US

Inventor(s):

JOHNSON Jack J, JOHNSON, Jack, J., 60 Blackburn Place, Summit, NJ 07901, US

COYLE William F, COYLE, William, F. , 22 Valley View Avenue, Summit, NJ 07901 , US

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9941861 A1 19990819

Application: WO 99US1867 19990210 (PCT/WO US9901867)

Priority Application: US 9822720 19980212

Designated States: AU BR CA JP MX AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU

MC NL PT SE

Main International Patent Class: H04J-003/12;

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 12674

English Abstract

Telecommunications switches route calls in accordance with economic incentives (e.g., least cost routing) resulting from an auction process between participating telecommunications carriers (carriers) (62) by operation of a central processor, a computer referred to as a bidding moderator (moderator) (89). Each of the carriers (62) bidding for traffic informs the moderator (89) of the rate it is willing to charge (or other economic incentive it is willing to offer) for service at some particular time between two specific switching points, defining a route or route segment, in one or more telecommunications networks. This "bid" rate may be lower than that carrier's established rate for any of several reasons (e.g., the carrier has excess capacity on that route or route segment at that time). The carrier (62) may change its bids as often as it likes as traffic patterns change. The moderator (89) collects this bid information from all the carriers (62), processes the bid information and transmits carrier selection information to subscribing switches implementing an auction service. Bid information is also transmitted to participating carriers' network management centers. From the list of all carriers (62) providing bid information to the moderator (89), each subscribing switch can select those carriers (62) to which it wants traffic routed and can change that selection at any time.

French Abstract

L'invention porte sur des commutateurs de telecommunications qui acheminent des appels en fonction de stimulants economiques (tels que l'acheminement au moindre coot) resultant d'un processus de vente aux encheres entre des entreprises (62) de telecommunications participantes en exploitant un processeur central, un ordinateur appele moderateur (89)

de tentative de prise de ligne. Chacune des entreprises demandant la ligne dans un trafic informe le moderateur (89) de la vitesse C laquelle elle est disposee C charger (ou d'un autre stimulant economique qu'elle est prete C offrir) pour un service, C un moment specifique entre deux points de commutation specifiques, definissant ainsi un acheminement ou un segment d'acheminement, dans un ou plusieurs reseaux de telecommunications. Cette vitesse de "demande de ligne" peut etre inferieure C celle etablie par l'entreprise pour differentes raisons (par ex., l'entreprise a une surcapacite sur cet acheminement ou segment d'acheminement C ce moment-lC). L'entreprise (62) peut modifier ses demandes de ligne aussi souvent qu'elle le desire sous forme de modification de structures de trafic. Le moderateur (89) recueille ces informations de demande de ligne aupres de toutes les entreprises (62), traite ces informations et transmet des informations de selection d'entreprise C des commutateurs d'abonnes mettant en oeuvre un service de vente aux encheres. Les informations de demande de ligne sont egalement transmises aux centres de gestion du reseau des entreprises participantes. A partir de la liste de toutes les entreprises (62) fournissant des informations de demande de ligne au moderateur (89), chaque commutateur d'abonne peut selectionner ces entreprises (62) avec lesquelles il souhaite avoir un trafic aiguille et peut modifier C tout moment cette selection.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

English Abstract

...62), processes the bid information and transmits carrier selection information to subscribing switches implementing an **auction** service. Bid information is also transmitted to **participating** carriers' **network** management centers. From the list of all carriers (62) providing bid information to the moderator...

Detailed Description

... The call attempt may carry with it an access code, which may be a carrier access code, designating the call as an auction service call This telephone network architecture is an example of a more general communication architecture placing different levels of intelligence...

20/5,K/25 (Item 10 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext
(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00644169 **Image available**

A SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR IMPLEMENTING AN AUCTION ON A COMPUTER NETWORK SYSTEME ET PROCEDE DE VENTE AUX ENCHERES DANS UN RESEAU INFORMATIQUE Patent Applicant/Assignee:

THE TAYLOR TRUST AS, THE TAYLOR TRUST AS , Varvn. 6, N-3150 Tolvsrod , NO Inventor(s):

KJOLNER Eirik, KJOLNER, Eirik, Varvn. 6, N-3150 Tolvsrod, NO Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9927476 A2 19990603

Application: WO 98NO348 19981125 (PCT/WO NO9800348)

Priority Application: US 9766631 19971126

Designated States: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60;

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English
Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 15506

English Abstract

The invention is a computerized auction system which includes auction means for processing bids communicated from participants of an auction, communicating receipts of the bids and status details of the auction to the participants and determining a winner of te participants based on the bids received and communicating the winner to the participants.

French Abstract

L'invention concerne un systeme de vente aux encheres, qui comprend un moyen de vente aux encheres permettant de traiter les offres recues des participants, d'envoyer aux participants des accuses de reception de leurs offres et des informations detaillees sur le deroulement de la vente et, sur la base des offres recues, de determiner un gagnant et d'en informer les participants.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

Detailed Description

... the participant computer terminals and also the communication network may be adapted for transmission of **real time** information from the auctioneer computer.

In a special embodiment, the auctioneer computer algorithms may be...a first aspect of the invention, fig. 2 shows hardware and software platform characteristics of **network** servers constituting an essential element of the computerized auction system in accordance with the first four aspects of the invention, fig. 3 shown hardware and software platform characteristics of **network** clients which constitute another essential element of the computerized auction system in accordance with the...

...another communication chart highlighting connections between auctioneer servers and the closest part of the communications network, fig. 8 illustrates what happens in a real time version of an "American auction", fig. 9 illustrates what happens in an "instant" version of an "American auction", fig. 10 illustrates what happens in a "strategic/simulation" version of an "American auction", fig. 11 shows in a schematical manner all possible communication network connections between objects participating in an auction in accordance with the invention, and fig. 12 shows an example of a bid board display for an auction participant in a sealed bid type auction.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Fig. 1 is a simple illustration of general features of...be preferable to have a reliable real time communication channel between the auctioneer and the participant throughout the auction, but the Internet protocols can not provide this.

Instead UDP is preferably used as the transport protocol for...servers, see figs. 1, 2 and 7.

In fig. 7 is shown an example of connections between the closest

central Router in the **network** and the **auction** servers. An administration server has a two way **connection** to the **network**, operating under a first transport protocol that is reliable, however not necessarily very fast. This...

...cheque feature is also included.

The administration server provides user names, passwords etc. for an auction server that has another type of connection to the network, i.e. connection operating under a faster, but less reliable transport protocol. This fast connection takes care of the actual real time bidding process in which messages (bids) must be conveyed rapidly to the auctioneer, as well as receipts to the participants.

A third auctioneer server has also been included in the drawing, which server takes care...FURTHER AUCTION EMBODIMENTS

A) "REAL TIME" - Interactive, see ig. 8.

Fig. 8 relates to the **real time** embodiment of the computer **network** auction system. A clock symbolizes the starting time of the auction, prior to which time **participants** must have signed on and bought a predetermined number of **bids**.

The "rolling film" symbolizes the running auction time period, during which any participant may place...was the last bid, in case of manipulation. After a "clean-up", i.e.

when on -line access has been re-established, the auction restarts.

The auctioneer shall have on -line contact with at least n% of the participants at any time. When this limit is...as a "confusion element" FACTSIINFO TO PARTICIPANTS DURING AUCTION:

Particularly in a real time computer **network** auction embodiment, but also in simulation embodiments, the following information will be of interest for the **participants**, and any or all of the features listed below should be transmitted to the **participants** PC's:

o Timing of bid-round (Fixed, random or sequential) - It is believed that ...have been dealt with extensively here above, the following possibilities shall be mentioned:

video/automaton auctions may be realized either with a connection via a network to an auctioneer server, or the complete auction system may be realized inside such an automaton, the auction type then being one with...

- ...radio channels (public or closed-circuit) may be used as one part of the communication network, namely for presenting the current real time auction progress for the participants, who may e.g. use a telephone network (cellular or public switched network) as the network part for bidding, i.e. sending bid messages to the auctioneer. Hence, the elements telephone, radio and TV are shown in the...
- ...with a telefax which is also a possible interface unit in connection with a telephone network. It should also be noted that in a digital television network, two-way communication will be possible, hence providing a possibility for TV sets with message return with the aid of touch screens or e.g. hand held remote controls.

Finally, in e.g. a TV show there will usually be an audience and...

Claim

- layered on top of one of said first and second transport protocols.
 - 21. The computer network auction server according to claim 20, wherein said auction protocols comprise auction administration and bidding protocols.
 - 22. The computer network auction server according to claim 21, wherein said auction administration includes parameters comprising names of said participants, identification of access communication ports to said auctioneer means by said bidder means for respective said participants, identification...wherein the participant computer terminals and also the communication network are adapted for transmission of real time information from the auctioneer computer, in order to present to each participant the running auction progress and activity.
 - 43. The auction system of claim 39, wherein the auctioneer computer algorithms...

(Item 11 from file: 349) 20/5,K/26 DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT Fulltext (c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00589548 **Image available**

A METHOD OF HOLDING AN AUCTION AND USES OF THE METHOD PROCEDE DE VENTE AUX ENCHERES ET SES UTILISATIONS

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

AUTOCOM APS, AUTOCOM APS, Allegade 25 A, st. th., DK-5000 Odense C, DK Inventor(s):

GROFTEHAUGE Martin, GROFTEHAUGE, Martin, Allegade 25 A, st. th., DK-5000 Odense C, DK

GROFTEHAUGE Peter, GROFTEHAUGE, Peter, Margardsvej 11, DK-5471 Sonderso,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

WO 9834187 Al 19980806 Patent:

WO 98DK40 19980130 (PCT/WO DK9800040) Application:

Priority Application: DK 97107 19970130

Designated States: AL AM AT AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ CZ DE DE DK DK EE EE ES FI FI GB GE GH GM GW HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN TD TG

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60;

International Patent Class: H04L-012/18; G07C-011/00; G07C-015/00;

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: Danish Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 3014

English Abstract

The invention relates to a method of holding auctions which take place in a computer environment, where a plurality of sellers (8) and bidders (3) may submit bids from local computers to a central computer (1), a so-called server which may e.g. be coupled via the Internet . The server (1) may offer a catalogue (5) to the indivudual bidders (3) who can then prepare, via their own computers, a prioritized list of the articles which they may possibly desire to buy. The auctioning system incorporates the certainty, via a list of purchase conditions, that a bidder does not risk buying too many articles, or that he will not spend



too much money, in the same manner as is known from a traditional live auction. It is moreover noted that the auctioning system may be combined with an ordinary live auction. The auctioning form gives a very advantageous price formation which considers both sellers' and buyers 'interests. Furthermore, the auction may take place entirely without geographical limitations.

French Abstract

L'invention concerne un procede de vente aux encheres dans un environnement informatique dans lequel plusieurs vendeurs (8) et encherisseurs (3) peuvent envoyer des encheres depuis des ordinateurs locaux a un ordinateur central (1), appele serveur, qui peut par exemple etre couple par le reseau Internet. Ledit serveur (1) peut proposer un catalogue (5) aux encherisseurs individuels (3) qui peuvent ensuite preparer, par l'intermediaire de leur propre ordinateur, une liste de priorite des articles qu'ils pourraient desirer acheter. Le systeme de mise aux encheres permet de garantir, grace a une liste de conditions d'achat, qu'un encherisseur ne depensera pas trop d'argent, de la meme maniere que dans une vente aux encheres en salle classique. De plus, ledit systeme peut etre combine a une vente aux encheres en salle ordinaire. Cette forme de mise aux encheres permet de fixer un prix avantageux tenant compte de l'interet des acheteurs et des vendeur. De plus, la vente aux encheres peut s'effectuer sans aucune restriction geographique.

English Abstract

The invention relates to a method of holding auctions which take place in a computer environment, where a plurality of sellers (8) and bidders (3) may submit bids from local computers to a central computer (1), a so-called server which may e.g. be coupled via the Internet. The server (1) may offer a catalogue (5) to the indivudual bidders (3) who can then prepare, via their own computers, a prioritized list of the articles which they may possibly desire to buy. The auctioning system incorporates the certainty, via a list of purchase conditions, that a bidder does not risk buying too many articles, or that he will not spend too much money, in the same manner as is known from a traditional live auction. It is moreover noted that the auctioning system may be combined with an ordinary live auction. The auctioning form gives a very advantageous price formation which considers both sellers' and buyers ' interests. Furthermore, the auction may take place entirely without geographical limitations.

20/5,K/27 (Item 12 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext

(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00581264 **Image available**

AUTOMATED AUCTION PROTOCOL PROCESSOR

SYSTEME DE TRAITEMENT AUTOMATISE A PROTOCOLE D'ADJUDICATION

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

CANTOR FITZGERALD SECURITIES, CANTOR FITZGERALD SECURITIES, One World Trade Center, New York, NY 10048, US

FRASER Stuart A, FRASER, Stuart, A. , 18 Maple Way, Armonk, NY 10504 , US LUTNICK Howard, LUTNICK, Howard , 200 East 69th Street, New York, NY 10021 , US

PAUL Bijoy, PAUL, Bijoy, 177 Salem Road, North Brunswick, NJ 08902, US Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9826363 A1 19980618

Application: WO 97US22423 19971203 (PCT/WO US9722423)

Priority Application: US 96766733 19961213





invention. The present invention provides for the trusted utilization of personal data in electronic markets, providing both communities and individuals aggregate and individual rule-based control of the processing of their personal data.

French Abstract

Utilisation de la communaute electronique de confiance (E-Metro) et des agents d'informations personnelles pour assurer une commande et un controle efficaces et exhaustifs, fondes sur des regles d'agents, d'avoirs informationnels dans un environnement informatique sur reseau. La presente invention concerne directement la confidentialite des informations et l'autodetermination en matiere d'informations par le fait qu'elle permet a des personnes et a des entites de produire, proteger, rechercher, traiter et echanger des informations personnelles et/ou confidentielles dans un environnement informatique sur reseau. Elle rend possible la formation de communautes electroniques de confiance au sein desquelles des membres commandent et controlent leurs personnalites Internet, echangeant et assurant le courtage pour des valeurs de l'utilite confidentielle de leurs avoirs informationnels. Elle concerne en outre l'utilisation confidentielle de donnees personnelles sur des marches electroniques, fournissant ainsi tant aux communautes qu'aux personnes privees une commande globale et individuelle, fondee sur des regles, du traitement de leurs donnees personnelles.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... both parties. The actual trade activity is what is privacy enabled.

The semi real-time auction case is the same as the privacy enabled commerce case except that a seller or buyer has decided to advertise an electronic auction. In this case, the goods or services are typically advertised along with the current bid so other potential bidders know what to beat.

However, auctions may be performed with secret bid.

The large quantity...auction is governed by the OrderProcessor.

Internet E mail will be very useful in Semi Real -time Auctions . For example, orders may be placed with a request to be notified of important bid updates in the future may be requested. However, it should be possible to build a Semi Real -time auction system which allows online E-PIA clients

20/5,K/31 (Item 16 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext

(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00536726 **Image available**

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR PROCESSING AND TRANSMITTING ELECTRONIC AUCTION INFORMATION

PROCEDE ET SYSTEME DE TRAITEMENT ET DE TRANSMISSION D'INFORMATIONS POUR DES ENCHERES ELECTRONIQUES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

ONSALE INC, ONSALE, INC. , 1953 Landings Drive, Mountain View, CA 94043 , US

Inventor(s):

FISHER Alan S, FISHER, Alan, S. , 40859 Calido Place, Fremont, CA 94539­3633 , US



KAPLAN Samuel Jerrold, KAPLAN, Samuel, Jerrold, 910 West Santa Inez Avenue, Hillsborough, CA 94010, US

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Pacent: WO 9737315 A1 19971009

Application: WO 97US4535 19970319 (PCT/WO US9704535)

Priority Application: US 96623654 19960329; US 96623946 19960329; US

96624259 19960329

Designated States: AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH HU IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU GH KE LS MW SD SZ UG AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN ML MR NE SN TD TG

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60;

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability:
Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 10019

English Abstract

A system and method for conducting a multi­ person, interactive auction, in a variety of formats, without using a human auctioneer to conduct the auction. The system is preferably implemented in software. The system allows a group of bidders to interactively place bids over a computer or communications network. Those bids are recorded by the system and the bidders are updated with the current auction status information. When appropriate, the system closes the auction from further bidding and notifies the winning bidders and losers as to the auction outcome.

French Abstract

L'invention concerne un systeme et un procede pour effectuer des encheres interactives entre plusieurs personnes, sous plusieurs formats, sans qu'il y ait de commissaire­priseur pour diriger les encheres. Ledit systeme est de preference mis en oeuvre dans un logiciel. Ledit systeme permet a un groupe d'offrants de faire des offres de maniere interactive par l'intermediaire d'un ordinateur ou d'un reseau de telecommunications. Ces offres sont enregistrees par le systeme et les offrants sont informes en permanence du dernier etat des encheres. Lorsque le moment est venu, le systeme clot les encheres et informe les gagnants et les perdants des resultats.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... disadvantage as compared to bidding in person or by telephone because the mailing or faxing bidder has no opportunity to increase a bid in quick response to competitive bids received from the floor or by telephone. Moreover, although telephone bidding allows the bidder to avoid travel expense and inconvenience, traditional auctions may be scheduled at inconvenient times for many remote bidders. Also, because of the large number of items or lots sold in a typical auction, which can number in the thousands, it is impractical for a telephone bidder to stay on the line for a two to eight hour period in order to be present when the few lots in which the bidder has an interest come up for sale. The lots in which the telephone bidder is interested may be scattered throughout the lengthy traditional auction. Time zone differences further diminish the appeal of telephone bidding for an international potential customer base.

All of these limitations and disadvantages of physical auctions...

... update the World Wide Web pages with current high bid information.

Sales firms other than auction houses have also used the Internet 's World Wide Web facility to post descriptions of their merchandise and to offer the merchandise for sale at a set price. These systems are automated and are capable of accepting an order from a customer by having that customer fill out an online order form. This order information is taken by the system and placed into an order...

...sale.

One particular U.S. patent, No. 4,789,928, discloses a means for network from bidders that are soliciting bids over an electronic auction . This system records bids remote to the site of a live from remote bidders and simultaneously transmits the current high to the terminals of the bid from the floor of the physical auction bidders . However, this patent does not disclose or suggest the concept of an electronically conducted auction including a means for automatically closing the auction under certain conditions and without benefit of a live human auctioneer. Furthermore, this patent fails to disclose or suggest a means for auctioning a plurality of items simultaneously; rather, the disclosed system is strictly tied to the sequential proceedings of a physical auction . Finally, this system contemplates only a simple "highest bidder " auction where a single lot goes to an individual high bidder . This system cannot handle a lot available for auction which includes a plurality of items and where a plurality of winning bidders sufficient to match the plurality of auctioned items exists.

In the third group of patents...and the previous high bid becomes the second highest bid. This feature allows bidders to **participate** in the **electronic** auction without revealing to the other bidders the extent to which they are willing to increase...

20/5,K/32 (Item 17 from file: 349) DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext

(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00437988

CONSIGNMENT NODES

NoeUD DE CONSIGNATION DE MARCHANDISES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

FLEANET INC

Inventor(s):

WOOLSTON Thomas G

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9634356 Al 19961031

Application: WO 96US6205 19960426 (PCT/WO US9606205) Priority Application: US 95427820 19950426; US 95554704 19951107

Designated States: CA RU AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60;

International Patent Class: G06F-009/45; G06F-009/445; G06G-007/52;

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 12518

English Abstract

A method and apparatus for creating a computerized market for used and

ort



collectible goods by use of a plurality of low cost posting terminal (700) and a market maker computer (800) in a legal framework that establishes a bailee relationship and a consignment contract with a purchaser (900) of a good at the market maker computer (800) that allows the purchaser (900) to change the price of the good once the purchaser (900) has purchased the good thereby allowing the purchaser (900) to speculate on the price of collectibles in an electronic market for used goods while assuring the safe and trusted physical possession of a good with a vetted bailee.

Japanese Abstract

La presente invention concerne un procede et un dispositif permettant de creer un marche informatise portant sur des marchandises utilisées et recuperables, lequel marche est accessible depuis une pluralite de terminaux (700) de depot bon marche. Un ordinateur teneur de marche (800) etablit dans un cadre legal une relation de depositaire et une convention de consignation de marchandise avec un acheteur (900) d'une marchandise au niveau de l'ordinateur teneur de marche (800), ce qui permettra a l'acheteur (900) de modifier le prix de la marchandise une fois que l'acheteur (900) a achete la marchandise. Dans un marche electronique de marchandises usagees, ce dispositif permet a l'acheteur (900) de speculer sur le prix des marchandises recuperables, tout en s'assurant une possession physique sure et garantie de la marchandise par rapport a un depositaire selectionne.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... allow collectors to speculate on the collectable goods market.

To provide the excitement of a "live " auction house type atmosphere to remote participants in a electronic auction .

To provide data analysis to the market makers of collectable good or consignment node users...the consignment nodes to provide for electronic presentment of a good is a secure network connection. This allows collectable goods to be concentrated for a single electronic auction or m 1 Ejulult 1 SET(ELL26) 2.3 virtual collectable market on a market... users and/or participants on a CD-ROM or other mass storage medium to allow off -line analysis of trends in the collectable goods market. This will allow or create a new class of "learned"' speculators in this unique, novel and non-obvious electronic market place and network of trusted franchisees in the collectable goods domain. It is also within the scope to...

...other speculative constructs to be created with the underlying assets as collectable goods in the **electronic** market place of the present invention.

Many variations of the present invention are possible once...

20/5,K/33 (Item 18 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext
(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00408140

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR CONTROLLING CONNECTED COMPUTERS WITHOUT PROGRAMMING

PROCEDE ET APPAREIL DE COMMANDE D'ORDINATEURS CONNECTES SANS PROGRAMMATION Patent Applicant/Assignee:

Ginge: Roberts - Search R

DEBENEDICTIS Erik P JOHNSON Stephen C

Inventor(s):

DEBENEDICTIS Erik P JOHNSON Stephen C

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9603690 Al 19960208

Application: WO 95US9249 19950720 (PCT/WO US9509249)

Priority Application: US 94278846 19940722

Designated States: AU CA JP RU AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT

SE

Main International Patent Class: G06F-009/44;

Publication Language: English

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 17110

English Abstract

A process for creating, maintaining, and executing network applications. A user specifies a network application as an interconnection (102) of tasks (100), each task being addressed to run on one or more computers (103-105). Process steps install and execute the application with accommodation for dynamically changing addresses. During execution, process steps compile or interpret source code on remote computers or other devices (106) as needed. Process steps permit application changes during execution subject to limitations and fail- safes that prevent non-programmers from creating invalid changes.

Japanese Abstract

Procede destine a creer, entretenir et executer des applications de reseau. Un utilisateur specifie une application de reseau sous forme d'une interconnexion (102) de taches (100), chaque tache etant adressee route pour faire fonctionner un ou plusieurs ordinateurs (103-105). Des etapes de processus installent et executent l'application avec des adaptations pour des adresses a modification dynamique. Pendant l'execution, les etapes de processus compilent ou interpretent des codes source sur des ordinateurs distants ou autres dispositifs (106) selon les besoins. Lesdites etapes de processus permettent des modifications d'application pendant l'execution, lesdites modifications etant soumises a des limitations et a des securites integrees qui empechent des utilisateurs n'ayant pas une qualification de programmeur de creer des modifications non valables.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... no connected inputs. However, the working model inserts these dummy tasks automatically. Example: Using an Auction Application Fig. 28 shows a network application that auctions a product. Each bidder sees the screen in Fig. 28, with all the screens being tied together into a multi-user network application. The screen shows a graphic 2801 to remind the bidders of the product auctioned- Each bidder watches bidding history box 2802, which updates in real time. A bidder submits a Ad by typirig a number imo text box 2803 and pressing button 2804. Confirmation message 2805 indicates acceptance but would indicate rejection if the minimum bid advance had not been met. Button 2806 leads to the working model's presentation of...

20/5,K/34 (Item 19 from file: 349)



```
?show files;ds
File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1975-2001/Mar W02
         (c) 2001 European Patent Office
File 349:PCT Fulltext 1983-2001/UB=20010308, UT=20010222
         (c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat
        Items
                Description
Set
                AUCTION OR AUCTIONS OR AUCTIONING
S1
          742
S2
       253854
                BIDDER? OR BUYER? OR PARTICIPANT? ? OR INDIVIDUAL
S3
        68086
                ON()SITE OR ONSITE OR AUCTION()HOUSE? OR OFFLINE OR OFF()L-
             INE OR LIVE OR REALTIME OR REAL()TIME OR IN()PERSON OR INPERS-
             ON
S4
       324126
                ONLINE? OR ON()LINE OR INTERNET? OR NETWORK OR WEB OR WWW -
             OR CYBERSPACE? OR ELECTRONIC OR REMOTE
        78987
                BID OR BIDS OR OFFER OR OFFERS OR BIDDING
S_5
                (MAXIMUM OR HIGHEST OR OPTIMAL OR BEST) (5N) (PROXY OR INTER-
S6
           75
             MEDIATE OR INTERIM OR BETWEEN) (5N) (PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
                MAXIMUM(2N)PROXY(2N)(PRICE? ? OR BID? ?)
S7
            2
                (ACCESS? OR CONNECT? OR PARTICIPATE? OR PARTICIPATING OR J-
S8
           66
             OIN? OR LINK?) (5N) (REMOTE? OR OFFSITE OR OFF()SITE OR S4) (5N) -
             S1
59
           51
                S1(S)S2(S)S3(S)S4
S10
            1
                S1(S)S3(S)S4(S)S6
           50
                S1(S)S3(S)S4(S)S5
S11
           99
                S8:S11
S12
                S12 AND PR=19990101:99999999
S13
           63
                S12 NOT S13
S14
           36
                (UPDAT? OR DYNAMIC? OR CORRECT? OR CHANG? OR UP()"TO"()DATE
S15
         2365
              OR INTELLIGENT OR INTELLIGENCE OR MODIF?) (4N) (S5 OR PRICE)
           58
                S1(S)S15
S16
           42
                S16 NOT S14
S17
S18
           37
                S17 AND PR=19990101:99999999
            5
                S17 NOT S18
S19
           36
                S14 NOT S19
S20
?t20/5,k/all
              (Item 1 from file: 348)
20/5, K/1
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01245032
SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR ELECTRONIC TRADING THAT PROVIDE INCENTIVES AND
     LINKED AUCTIONS
SYSTEMES ET PROCEDES DE COMMERCE ELECTRONIQUE INCLUANT DES STIMULANTS ET
  DES ENCHERES RELIEES
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  CFPH, L.L.C., (3089960), One World Trade Center, New York, NY 10048, (US)
    , (Applicant designated States: all)
INVENTOR:
  FRASER, Stuart, A., 18 Maple Way, Armonk, NY 10504, (US)
  GINSBERG, Philip, M., 25 Broad Street, Penthouse C, New York, NY 10004,
  KIRWIN, Glenn, D., 55 Fayette Road, Scarsdale, NY 10583, (US)
  LUTNICK, Howard, W., 200 E. 69th Street, Penthouse B, New York, NY 10021,
    (US)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):
                               WO 0077670 001221
```

1 March 20, 2001 16:17

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI;

WO 941415 000614; WO 00US16383 000614

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):

LU; MC; NL; PT; SE

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 139344 990615

EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/00 LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

Application: 010214 A2 International application. (Art. 158(1))
Application: 010214, A2 International application entering European phase

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English

SYSTEMS AND METHODS FOR ELECTRONIC TRADING THAT PROVIDE INCENTIVES AND LINKED AUCTIONS

20/5,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

01234920

System and method for quantitative competition and recording medium having recorded thereon program for implementing them

System und Verfahren fur den quantitativen Wettbewerb und Speichermedium fur das dafur implementierte Programm

Systeme et methode pour la concurrence quantitative et medium de stockage pour le programme associe

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Corporation, (2460174), 3-1, Otemachi 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8116, (JP), (Applicant designated States: all)

INVENTOR:

Kobayashi, Kunio c/o Nippon Telegr.& Teleph. Corp., Musashino R&D Center 9-11, Midoricho 3-chome, Musashino-shi Tokyo 180-8585, (JP)

Morita, Hikaru c/o Nippon Telegr.& Teleph. Corp., Musashino R&D Center 9-11, Midoricho 3-chome, Musashino-shi Tokyo 180-8585, (JP)

Suzuki, Koutarou c/o Nippon Telegr.& Teleph. Corp., Musashino R&D Center 9-11, Midoricho 3-chome, Musashino-shi Tokyo 180-8585, (JP) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Hoffmann, Eckart, Dipl.-Ing. (5571), Patentanwalt, Bahnhofstrasse 103, 82166 Grafelfing, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1071025 A2 010124 (Basic)

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 114946 000719;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): JP 99205004 990719; JP 99247060 990901; JP 2020000160 000125; JP 2320000473 000224

DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI; LU; MC; NL; PT; SE

EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/60

ABSTRACT EP 1071025 A2

A bid-opening device 20 receives from each bidding device 10m) a bidding price index (gamma)m) = g(hk)(IVm))) (where IVm) is an initial value, hk) indicates k-times processing with a one-way function h and g is a one-way function) and its identifier IDm). The received information is stored on a common bulletin board 25. Dm) = hk)(IVm)) (where Dm)) = g(Dm))) is generated with k set as the upper limit value K of the bidding price. The bulletin board 25 is checked for (gamma)m)) which matches this Dm)). If no match is found, m is incremented by one, and the check for (gamma)m))-Dm)) matching is made for each of m bidding devices. Upon completion of the matching for all the bidding devices, k is decremented by one, and a check is made for for (gamma)m)) which matches Dm)) = g(hk)(IVm))), and the index k for which they match is determined as the highest price bid. The bid-opening device 20 outputs that k and the identifier IDm)) of (gamma)m)).

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 168

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 6

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text): Application: 010124 A2 Published application without search report 010124 A2 Date of request for examination: 20000719 Examination: LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY: Word Count Available Text Language Update CLAIMS A (English) 200104 14844 12567 SPEC A (English) 200104 Total word count - document A 27411 Total word count - document B Total word count - documents A + B 27411 ... SPECIFICATION pertains to a system and method for quantitative comparison of secret values, for example, in electronic lottery, electronic voting, or electronic sealed-bid auction under circumstances where many participants are allowed to access the server online across the Internet. Fig. 1 is depicts in block form the configuration of a conventional... 20/5, K/3(Item 3 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. 01196702 Real time auction bidding using wireless communication device Echtzeitauktion mit drahtlosem Kommunikationsgerat Ventes aux encheres en temps reel utilisant un appareil de communication sans fil PATENT ASSIGNEE: Phone.Com Inc., (2766840), 800 Chesapeake Drive, Redwood City, CA 94063, (US), (Applicant designated States: all) INVENTOR: Rossmann, Alain S., 663 Newell Road, Palo Alto, CA 94303, (US) Heumann, Gregory A., 218 W.30th Avenue, San Mateo, CA 94403, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Ablett, Graham Keith et al (53082), Ablett & Stebbing, Caparo House, 101-103 Baker Street, London W1M 1FD, (GB) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 1041502 A2 001004 (Basic) APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 302570 000328; PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 282046 990329 DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI; LU; MC; NL; PT; SE EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; MK; RO; SI INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/60 ABSTRACT EP 1041502 A2 The present invention relates to an on-line auction system (100) supporting wireless network users (108) and wired network users (104, 106) as bidders. The auction system has an auction server (102) that submit bids, and a proxy server (116) that supports the wireless network users, receives auction update messages from the auction server, and

conducts on-line auctions for items by allowing bidders to electronically stores auction information pertaining to the on -line auctions for which the wireless network users are participating . The wireless network users can access the stored auction information, can be alerted when a prior bid has been out-bid, and can increase the bid.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 106 NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

```
LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):
                  001004 A2 Published application without search report
 Application:
                  001122 A2 Inventor information changed: 20001003
 Change:
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:
Available Text Language
                            Update
                                      Word Count
      CLAIMS A
                (English)
                            200040
                                        920
      SPEC A
                (English)
                           200040
                                       5167
Total word count - document A
                                       6087
Total word count - document B
                                          0
Total word count - documents A + B
                                       6087
... ABSTRACT allowing bidders to electronically submit bids, and a proxy
  server (116) that supports the wireless network users, receives
 auction update messages from the auction server, and stores auction
  information pertaining to the on -line auctions for which the
  wireless network users are participating . The wireless network
  users can access the stored auction information, can be alerted when
  a prior bid has been out-bid, and can increase...
              (Item 4 from file: 348)
 20/5,K/4
DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.
01178517
                                           ONLINE
                                                       BIDDERS
                                                                      LIVE
INTEGRATED
              AUCTION
                        FOR
                                REMOTE
     PARTICIPANTS AT AN AUCTION SITE
VENTE AUX ENCHERES POUR OFFRANTS DISTANTS EN LIGNE ET PARTICIPANTS EN SALLE
PATENT ASSIGNEE:
  Ebay, Inc., (3016880), Suite 350, 2005 Hamilton Avenue, San Jose, CA
    95125, (US), (Applicant designated States: all)
INVENTOR:
  HANDLER, Bradley, A., 1030 Helm Lane, Foster City, CA 94404, (US)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date):
                               WO 0034899 000615
                              WO 99964201 991208; WO 99US29312 991208
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 111717 981208
DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI;
  LU; MC; NL; PT; SE
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/30
CITED PATENTS (WO A): XP 2927726
CITED REFERENCES (WO A):
  WO 9963461 A
  US 4789928 A
  US 5890138 A
  US 5845265 A
  US 5794219 A
  US 5905975 A
  US 5835896 A
  PREIST C. ET AL.: 'Adaptive Agents In Persistent Shout Double Auction'
    ACM INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON INFORMATION AND COMPUTATION ECONOMIES,
     Online 25 October 1998 - 28 October 1998, CHARLESTON USA, pages 11 -
    18, XP002927726 Retrieved from the Internet:
    <URL:HTTP://www.acm.org/pubs/citations/proc</pre>
eedings/dl/288994/pl1-preist/> retrieved on 1999-12-14;
LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):
 Application:
                  000809 Al International application. (Art. 158(1))
                  000809 Al International application entering European
 Application:
                             phase
LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English
```

AUCTION FOR REMOTE ONLINE BIDDERS AND LITE INTEGRATED PARTICIPANTS AT AN AUCTION SITE

(Item 5 from file: 348) 20/5,K/5 DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

01142874

Interactive call-handling Anrufbearbeitung mit Wechselwirkung Traitement d'appel interactif

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Ronald A. Katz Technology Licensing, L.P., a California limited partnership, (2056131), 9200 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 1005, Los Angeles, California 90069, (US), (Applicant designated States: all)

INVENTOR:

Katz, Ronald Alan.c/o R.A. Katz Tech. Licensing, L.P., 9200 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 1005, Los Angeles, CA 90069, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Klunker . Schmitt-Nilson . Hirsch (101001), Winzererstrasse 106, 80797

Munchen, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 998107 A2 000503 (Basic)

EP 998107 A3 000816

EP 102575 881219; APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 194258 880516

DESIGNATED STATES: CH; DE; FR; GB; LI; NL; SE

RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):

EP 620669 (EP 94107833)

EP 342295 (EP 88312001)

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04M-003/493

ABSTRACT EP 998107 A2

Calls made from telephone terminals T1-Tn via a telephone network C are handled concurrently within a receiving station D by processing systems P1-Pn that by means of automated voice messages prompt the callers through an interactive sequence (Fig 3) to operate their telephone push-buttons 14 to signal digital data to the station D. Digital data received from each caller and derived otherwise from his call, is stored (Figs 2 and 4) and, according to the processor operating format selected, gives specific identification of the caller, health data, and call sequence-order or time, together with processor-derived data which the caller is prompted to signal back to the processor for confirmatory purposes. Selection of format, and with it the particular processor PR1-PRn used, depends upon the number called as signalled to the receiving station by a dialled-number identification system (DNIS) of the network C. The format may alternatively relate to telephone-order purchasing (Fig 5), participation in a lottery, or participation in a TV auction, gameshow (Fig 7) or opinion-poll. The caller is first checked for qualification to participate before processing of the gathered data is carried out. Calls may be transferred to be progressed with assistance from an operator's terminal IT when qualification checks are not satisfied.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 206

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

000503 A2 Published application without search report Application: 000503 A2 Date of request for examination: 20000207 Examination:

000524 A2 Inventor information changed: 20000405 Change:

Application: 991027 Al Published application with search report LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update 'Word Count 9943 842 CLAIMS A (English) 9943 4536 SPEC A (English) Total word count - document A 5378 Total word count - document B Total word count - documents A + B 5378

...SPECIFICATION value, the offer value and the respective negotiation process's identity in a database of participant negotiation processes for the current auction in step 225. For the remainder of the auction...

...consider and respond to the beginning of the new auction signal, including two-way communication **network** propagation delays. This period can be set heuristically, by measuring the round-trip delays between...

...no bids or offers are made, or where one or more negotiation processes have gone 'off -line' for any reason.

Next, in step 230, the mediation process 110 parses the bid and...

20/5,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00907582

Automatic auction method

Verfahren fur die automatische Auktion

Methode de vente aux encheres automatique

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Hitachi, Ltd., (204146), 4-6 Surugadai Kanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, (JP), (Applicant designated States: all)

INVENTOR:

Mori, Masakatsu, 40-1-5218, Utsukushigaokanishi-2-chome, Aoba-ku, Yokohama-shi, (JP)

Ogura, Masahiro, 32-11, Sanno-1-chome, Sakura-shi, (JP)

Takeshima, Masahiro, 34-5-102 Shoan-3-chome, Suginami-ku, Tokyo, (JP) Arai, Kenji, 24-1-204, Chuohoncho-2-chome, Adachi-ku, Tokyo, (JP) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Calderbank, Thomas Roger et al (50122), MEWBURN ELLIS York House 23 Kingsway, London WC2B 6HP, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 828223 A2 980311 (Basic)

EP 828223 A3 000503

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 97306722 970901;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): JP 96233918 960904 DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; NL

EXTENDED DESIGNATED STATES: AL; LT; LV; RO; SI

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/60

ABSTRACT EP 828223 A2

An automatic auction method which makes it unnecessary for bidders to stay before auction terminals (12) at the time of auction and which makes possible auction transactions on an open network (14) on which it is difficult to assure the on -line and real time properties. A plurality of auction ordering information pieces each containing a desired price, number of purchase, and a highest possible price in competition for the desired price and received from bidder terminals (12) via on -line circuits are collected. Until an auction issue appears, the price is lowered. If there is at least one auction issue and a desired quantity which is the sum total of the numbers of



purchase of the auction issues is not satisfied, then it is determined whether there is an auction issue coinciding in price by comparing the set prime with (the desired price + the highest possible price in competition). Until the desired quantity is satisfied, the price is raised.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 160

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

Search Report: 000503 A3 Separate publication of the search report Application: 980311 A2 Published application (Alwith Search Report

;A2without Search Report)

Examination: 980311 A2 Date of filing of request for examination:

970922

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count CLAIMS A (English) 9811 1475 SPEC A (English) 9811 8661
Total word count - document A 10136
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 10136

...ABSTRACT A2

An automatic auction method which makes it unnecessary for bidders to stay before auction terminals (12) at the time of auction and which makes possible auction transactions on an open network (14) on which it is difficult to assure the on -line and real time properties. A plurality of auction ordering information pieces each containing a desired price, number of purchase, and a highest possible price in competition for the desired price and received from bidder terminals (12) via on -line circuits are collected. Until an auction issue appears, the price is lowered. If there is at least one auction issue and a desired quantity which is the sum total of the numbers of purchase of the auction issues is not satisfied, then it is determined whether there is an auction issue coinciding in price by comparing the set price with (the desired price + the highest...

SPECIFICATION The present invention relates to an auction method using a communication network. In particular, the present invention relates to an automatic auction method whereby purchasing persons located in remote places participate in a transaction by sending auction ordering information to an auctioneer via an open communication network represented by the Internet and an auction is automatically conducted on the basis of the auction ordering information.

Wholesale marketplaces serve as places for making distribution of fresh foods and the...

...an auction, bidders must cope with the present situations extemporaneously. Therefore, the bidders must participate on -line and in real time.

An object of the present invention is to provide an automatic auction method which makes...auction terminals at the time auction. In addition, auction transactions become possible on an open network on which it is difficult to assure the on -line and real time properties. Thus the present invention brings about significant effects.

...CLAIMS are the same.

13. A medium for recording a program, said program creating information for participating in an electronic auction by using a computer, said program conducts processing, said processing comprising: Total word count - documents A + B

... SPECIFICATION for the commercial telephone line.

During the view-only mode, if the participant wishes to join the auction , he or she merely depresses the ON -line switch 59A assembled on the keyboard 59 to access the least significant front computer 40...

(Item 10 from file: 348) 20/5,K/10 DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00689853

An animated electronic meeting place Konferenz mit elektronischer Animation Un lieu de rencontre a animation electronique PATENT ASSIGNEE:

MITSUBISHI DENKI KABUSHIKI KAISHA, (208580), 2-3, Marunouchi 2-chome Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100, (JP), (Proprietor designated states: all) INVENTOR:

Tohei, Nitta, 15 Marla Circle Newton, Massachusetts 02159, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Pfenning, Meinig & Partner (100961), Mozartstrasse 17, 80336 Munchen, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 659018 A2 950621 (Basic)

EP 659018 A3 960417 В1 EP 659018 990818

EP 94119861 941215; APPLICATION (CC, No, Date):

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 169163 931217

DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB

INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: H04N-007/15

CITED PATENTS (EP B): EP 572257 A; US 4546383 A

CITED REFERENCES (EP B):

BYTE, vol. 18, no. 3, 1 March 1993 pages 129-130, 132 - 134, XP 000349366 YAGER T 'BETTER THAN BEING THERE DESKTOP VIDEO TELECONFERENCING COULD CHANGE HOW YOU DO BUSINESS'

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GLOBAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS CONFERENCE (GLOBECOM), HOUSTON, NOV. 29 - DEC. 2, 1993, vol. 1 OF 4, 29 November 1993 INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS, pages 385-388, XP 000428086 LYONS M H ET AL 'TECHNOLOGY AND THE TELEWORKER'

NETWORKING IN THE NINETIES, BAL HARBOUR, APR. 7 - 11, 1991, vol. 3, 7 April 1991 INSTITUTE OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERS, pages 1127-1134, XP 000223440 TANIGAWA H ET AL 'PERSONAL MULTIMEDIA-MULTIPOINT TELECONFERENCE SYSTEM'

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 014 no. 225 (E-0927) ,14 May 1990 & JP-A-02 058486 (NEC CORP) 27 February 1990,

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 012 no. 054 (E-583) ,18 February 1988 & JP-A-62 199189 (TOSHIBA CORP) 2 September 1987,

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 011 no. 390 (E-567) ,19 December 1987 & JP-A-62 154988 (TOSHIBA CORP) 9 July 1987,

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 011 no. 396 (E-568) ,24 December 1987 & JP-A-62 157491 (TOSHIBA CORP) 13 July 1987,;

ABSTRACT EP 659018 A2

A network -based animated electronic meeting place is provided for business meetings, education, simulated classrooms, casual encounters, personal meetings, art auctions , parties and game playing, which includes a terminal for each participant on the network and local prestored animation graphics, with simulated participants in the form of animated characters or dolls being driven through sensing of each of the participants at their respective work stations, including their

position, posture, gestures, audio content and optionally that persona which each individual wishes to be displayed at the animated electronic meeting place. In one embodiment, a user chooses how he represents himself on the screen through the use of a Persona or Character control. The animated electronic meeting place is provided time 3-D graphics renderings, showing the meeting with all with **real** of the participants including the individual participant as himself, a microphone to capture the use's speech, digital sound processing for voice localization, and position sensors to detect the participant 's gestures and/or facial expressions as well as body movement. In one embodiment, the user is also .provided with a view control in the form of a joy stick to zoom in or to alter the perspective at which he is viewing the animated meeting. In a further embodiment, through sound localization detection as well as speech recognition circuits, stereo sound at each terminal can be steered so as to localize the sound to the person who is detected as talking. (see image in original document)

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 280

NOTE:

Figure number on first page: 1

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

Oppn None: 000802 B1 No opposition filed: 20000519

Application: 950621 A2 Published application (Alwith Search Report

;A2without Search Report)

Search Report: 960417 A3 Separate publication of the European or

International search report

Examination: 960807 A2 Date of filing of request for examination:

960607

Examination: 980513 A2 Date of despatch of first examination report:

980330

Grant: 990818 B1 Granted patent

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

| Available Text | Language | Update | Word Count |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--------|------------|
| CLAIMS B | (English) | 9933 | 913 |
| CLAIMS B | (German) | 9933 | 820 |
| CLAIMS B | (French) | 9933 | 1022 |
| SPEC B | (English) | 9933 | 4277 |
| Total word count - document A | | | 0 |
| Total word count - document B | | | 7032 |
| Total word count - documents A + B | | | 7032 |

...ABSTRACT A2

A network -based animated electronic meeting place is provided for business meetings, education, simulated classrooms, casual encounters, personal meetings, art auctions , parties and game playing, which includes a terminal for each participant on the network and local prestored animation graphics, with simulated participants in the form of animated characters or dolls being driven through sensing of each of the participants at their respective work stations, including their position, posture, gestures, audio content and optionally that persona which each individual wishes to be displayed at the animated electronic meeting place. In one embodiment, a user chooses how he represents himself on the screen through the use of a Persona or Character control. The animated electronic meeting place is provided time 3-D graphics renderings, showing the meeting with all with **real** participant as of the participants including the individual himself, a microphone to capture the use's speech, digital sound processing for voice localization, and position sensors to detect the participant 's gestures and/or facial expressions as well as body movement. In one embodiment, the...

20/5,K/11 (Item 11 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 548:EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00653454

Auctioning system.

Auktionssystem.

Systeme de vente aux encheres.

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

NIEAF-SMITT B.V., (746150), 6, Vrieslantlaan, NL-3526 AA Utrecht, (NL), (applicant designated states: BE; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; NL; PT; SE) INVENTOR:

Mulder, Siger Leonardus, 27, Beatrixlaan, NL-3481 CD Harmelen, (NL) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Iemenschot, Johannes Andreas, Ir. et al (59561), van Exter Polak &
 Charlouis B.V., P.O. Box 3241, 2280 GE Rijswijk, (NL)
PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 628920 Al 941214 (Basic)
APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 94201632 940608;
PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): NL 931015 930611
DESIGNATED STATES: BE; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; NL; PT; SE
INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G06F-017/60

ABSTRACT EP 628920 A1

The invention relates to an auctioning system which comprises at least a price display unit (3), an auctioneer's operator station (2), two buyer's operator stations (1) and a data processing unit (10), of which at least a number are linked by at least one communication network (12). The mutual communication between one or more of the above-mentioned components is effected by means of electronic messages which comprise at least sender and destination information. The data processing unit (10) is at least designed for monitoring the auctioning process and for knocking down a sold lot to a buyer, which is done on the basis of a knocking-down algorithm which makes use of one or more criteria such as sequential order within a certain time window, account possibly being taken of the signal propagation delay, level of each bid and/or possible priority for certain buyers, while the data processing unit (10) is moreover designed for the further settling of the purchase via a bilateral link set up between the data processing unit (10) and the or each buyer. (see image in original document)

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 183

LEGAL STATUS (Type, Pub Date, Kind, Text):

Application: 941214 Al Published application (Alwith Search Report

;A2without Search Report)

Examination: 950802 Al Date of filing of request for examination:

950606

Change: 980527 Al International patent classification (change)

Change: 980722 Al Representative (change)

*Assignee: 980722 Al Applicant (transfer of rights) (change): Nieaf

Systems B.V. (2510140) 6, Vrieslantlaan 3526 AA

Utrecht (NL) (applicant designated states:

BE; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; NL; PT; SE)

*Assignee: 980722 Al Previous applicant in case of transfer of

rights (change): NIEAF-SMITT B.V. (746150) 6,

Vrieslantlaan NL-3526 AA Utrecht (NL)

(applicant designated states:
BE; DE; DK; ES; FR; GB; GR; IT; NL; PT; SE)

Examination: 980819 Al Date of despatch of first examination report:

980707

Refusal: 990519 Al Date on which the European patent application





was refused: 981227

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; FULLTEXT AVAILABILITY:

Available Text Language Update Word Count

CLAIMS A (English) EPABF2 612
SPEC A (English) EPABF2 2002
Total word count - document A 2614
Total word count - document B 0
Total word count - documents A + B 2614

...SPECIFICATION the sale process may proceed in virtually the same way as the process described in connection with Figure 1.

As a result of the elements of an auctioning system 11 being linked to one another via a network of the so-called broadcast type, such as, for example, ARCnet, all the elements can communicate directly with one another. At the same time, a network of the above-mentioned type has the advantage that the signal transmission across the network has a deterministic, i.e. a predictable character. The real-time behaviour in particular, which is of great importance especially for selling by Dutch auction , is better in networks of this type than the Ethernet networks often used at present in commercial and office environments. Really, the lastmentioned network types are unsuitable for this application, because their character is unpredictable per se, which, in particular when selling by Dutch auction , could result in a running auction clock 3 not being stopped by the buyer who was the first to press the pushbutton 6, but by a buyer who pressed his pushbutton 6 a little later. The Ethernet in that case has the stop command of the first buyer blocked for some time and admitted earlier into the network that of the later buyer .

A - commercially available - network of the ARCnet type has only a limited capacity in terms...

...the signal propagation delay, so that it is possible for a buyer to take part **remotely** in an **auction**, via a telecommunication **link**, which may be a radio link, without being disadvantaged by the propagation delay of a...

20/5,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 348)

DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS

(c) 2001 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv.

00639883

Interactive call-handling

Anrufbearbeitung mit Wechselwirkung

Traitement d'appel interactif

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

Ronald A. Katz Technology Licensing, L.P., a California limited partnership, (2056131), 9200 Sunset Boulevard, Suite 1005, Los Angeles, California 90069, (US), (Proprietor designated states: all) INVENTOR:

Katz, Ronald Alan, 570 South Mapleton Drive, Los Angeles, California 90024, (US)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Klunker . Schmitt-Nilson . Hirsch (101001), Winzererstrasse 106, 80797
Munchen, (DE)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 620669 A1 941019 (Basic)

EP 620669 B1 000809

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 94107833 881219;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 194258 880516

DESIGNATED STATES: CH; DE; FR; GB; LI; NL; SE

RELATED PARENT NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):

EP 342295 (EP 88312001)

RELATED DIVISIONAL NUMBER(S) - PN (AN):

28304



Total word count - documents A + B

Total word count - document B 15048

...SPECIFICATION informed of the merchandise, potential bidders might also be reminded of the telephone number for participating in the auction. Accordingly, any interested person at a remote terminal T1-Tn may dial the auction number and obtain access to the processing systems P1-Pn. The caller would have a television set available, tuned...

...SPECIFICATION informed of the merchandise, potential bidders might also be reminded of the telephone number for participating in the auction. Accordingly, any interested person at a remote terminal T1-Tn may dial the auction number and obtain access to the processing systems P1-Pn. The caller would have a television set available, tuned...

20/5,K/16 (Item 1 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext
(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00743954 **Image available**

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR PERFORMING A PROGRESSIVE SECOND PRICE AUCTION TECHNIQUE

SYSTEME ET PROCEDE PERMETTANT LA MISE EN OEUVRE DE TECHNIQUES DE VENTE AUX ENCHERES PROGRESSIVE BASEE SUR LA DEUXIEME OFFRE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

THE TRUSTEES OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Broadway and 116th Street, New York, NY 10027, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US)

Patent Applicant/Inventor:

SEMRET Nemo, Apartment 5C, 45 Tiemann Place, New York, NY 10027, US, US (Residence), CA (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

LAZAR Aurel, 410 Riverside Drive, New York, NY 10027, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

TANG Henry, Baker & Botts, LLP, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, NY 10112-0228, US

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):
Patent: WO 200057323 Al 20000928 (WO 0057323)
Application: WO 99US6384 19990323 (PCT/WO US9906384)

Designated States: CA JP US

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60

Publication Language: English Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 9963

English Abstract

A system and method for allocating a resource using a progressive second price auction technique. An auction is held for a limited resource, such as bandwidth in an Internet Service Provider Network in which bids are submitted by prospective users (103) including the quantity desired and the price for each unit of resource bid upon. In order to make an efficient allocation, a new bidder (105) is granted some of the resource based upon the availability of the limited resource (109) due to the bids higher than the new bidder (113). The actual price paid (121) by the new bidder is based upon bids made with lower prices who have been or would have been allocated some of the resource. This calculation of the price paid encourages bidders to bid their actual valuation of the resources rather than engage in inefficient tactical bids.



Ginger Roberts - Search Re

French Abstract

L'invention concerne un systeme et un procede pour l'att: sution d'une ressource au moyen d'une technique de vente aux encheres progressive basee sur un deuxieme cours acheteur. Une vente aux enchares est assuree pour une ressource limitee, telle qu'une largeur de bande d'un reseau de fournisseurs de services Internet, dans laquelle des encheres sont soumises par des utilisateurs potentiels (103), comprenant la quantite desiree et le prix pour chaque unite de ressource faisant l'objet d'une offre. Afin d'assurer une attribution efficace, un nouvel encherisseur (105) se voit attribuer une partie de la ressource en fonction de la disponibilite de la ressource limitee (109) en raison des offres superieures a celles du nouvel encherisseur (113). Le prix reel paye (121) par le nouvel encherisseur est base sur les offres inferieures contre lesquelles la ressource aurait ou a ete attribuee. Le calcul du prix paye incite les encherisseurs a faire une offre en fonction de leur evaluation reelle de la ressource au lieu qu'ils fassent des offres tactiques inefficaces.

Legal Status (Type, Date, Text)
Publication 20000928 A1 With international search report.

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... the highest price offered will be first in the list and so on.

Alternatively, the bids can be sorted after they are retrieved. The list of bids can be stored in a computer file, in memory of the processor performing the auction , be inputted by the keyboard or transmitted over a network in real -time by the bidder 's software bidding agreement at the time of the auction or can be retrieved by any other means when the progressive second price auction technique is performed. For example, if ten bidders have previously bid for premium bandwidth in an auction , these bids (including the quantity desired and price per unit offered) will be stored in the memory of a computer or other apparatus operating the technique. The bids will then be sorted by a conventional sorting technique to place the previous bids in order from highest and lowest. Alternatively, the bids can be stored in decreasing price order in a linked list as they are received. If the bid to be processed is the first bid made in the auction and no other bid have been stored, the bid will become the first bid in the list.

Step 105 retrieves the new bid (Si) to be processed which has...and ISP2 907 is connected to network 913. Bidding entities 915 are computers which are connected to a network (either network 903, 905 and 907) and participate in auctions by sending electronic bids including a quantity request component and a bid price component to the ISP to...

20/5,K/17 (Item 2 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext
(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00728202 **Image available**

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ENCOURAGING COMPETITIVE PARTICIPATION IN AN AUCTION SYSTEME ET PROCEDE POUR ENCOURAGER LA PARTICIPATION CONCURRENTIELLE A UNE VENTE AUX ENCHERES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

WALKER DIGITAL LLC, Five High Ridge Park, Stamford, CT 06905, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor:

The present invention relates to real-time auctions—that are conducted in-whole of in-part over a computer network, and more particularly, to methods for collecting bids—from remote—users.

Back-ground of the Invention
During the past five years, the Internet has blossomed...

...silent auctions.

The technological innovations also provide a basis for more interesting and more interactive Internet -based auction models. For example, it would be desirable to conduct live auctions over the Internet Distribution of a real -time, live auction is far more complex and technologically demanding than carrying out a silent auction over the Internet. Real -time live auctions are generally conducted by auctioneers in front of a live audience. Auctions are fast-paced, and bids may be submitted by very concise gestures or vocal signals. The auction of a single item may transpire in a very short interval of time, often as brief as ten seconds. Thus, real -time, live auctions require careful and quick monitoring and interaction with the auction process.

Real-time, live auctions comprise the auctioning of a sequence of lots. A lot...them. The auctioneer first establishes a minimum quantity for a quantity lot, and then initiates **bidding** to establish a per-item price point. The high **bidder** may select the minimum quantity or may select more items at that price point. The auctioneer **offers** the remaining inventory to the floor at that minimum quantity and price point. If any ...

- ...the auctioneer establishes a new minimum quantity for the quantity lot, and then again initiates **bidding** to establish a per-item price point. The price points in quantity lots typically decrease...
- ...units at wholesale-like values within the same lot. A particular advantage to distributing a live auction over a communications medium, such as the Internet, is that, by bringing many thousands of Internet bidders to the auction, virtual bidders can have a huge impact an quantity lot pricing, with a far greater percentage of the inventory bid for and sold at retail-like values than at a conventional live event.

Real-time, live auctions have far greater entertainment value, and may be more efficient in time, than the silent auctions currently conducted over the **Internet** . However, for **real** time , live auctions to be distributed over the Internet , Internet -based solutions and methodologies must be devised to overcome the many complex problems associated with real -time , live auctions . In particular, an Internet based facility for distribution of real -time , live auctions to remote bidders over the Internet , or a similar communications medium, must address the following problems: (1) a need for real -time monitoring and interaction with the auctioneer and auction audience; (2) a need for rapidly disseminating status information from the live auction , in real time , to remote bidders; (3) a need for rapidly and efficiently collecting bids from bidders and presenting those bids to the auctioneer; (4) a need for authorizing and verifying remote bidders ' identities; and (5) a need for quickly determining any changes in the sequence of lots and lot assignments that occur during the course of a live auction and distributing information about the changes to remote bidders .



Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides an architecture and associated method for processing...

...real time auction. An auction server maintains a state of one or more real time auctions based on bids submitted by users, including remote users that submit bids via a computer network. The auction server sends information about the state of one or more auctions to nodes that are coupled between auction server and the remote users. The nodes use such information to filter out invalid bid submissions, such as those in which the submitted bid price does not exceed the current high bid, or for which the auction or lot number is invalid. The nodes thereby reduce the processing load on the auction server by blocking messages that need not be processed by the auction server.

In a preferred embodiment, the invention is incorporated into a system for allowing remote bidders to participate in live auctions that are conducted by a live auctioneer in the presence of an audience of bidders. The system consists of four primary modules: a client program running on a remote computer, a network of collector/redistributor nodes running on the broadcaster's enterprise backbone, an auction server process associated with a database where auction state and persistent data are stored, and an auction console that resides at the site of the live event, allowing a proxy to introduce remote bids an the floor and report status back to the remote audience.

bidder interacts with a client program running on a Each remote remote computer. The client program allows the remote bidder to log into the distributed live auction ("BLA") system in order to register as a remote bidder for a particular live auction . At the time that the live auction is conducted, the remote **bidder** interacts with the client program on the remote computer in order to follow the time , live auction , and to submit bids . The course of the real ${\tt remote}$ ${\tt bidder}$ receives status updates concerning the ${\tt bidding}$, lot state, and lot sequencing from the ${\tt live}$ ${\tt auction}$ via a graphical user interface provided on the remote computer by the client program, and may interact with the graphical user interface in order to submit bids for a ... The collector/redistributor nodes are preferably heirarchically interconnected and serve to efficently collect and filter bids from a large number of remote bidders and pass potentially winning bids onto the auction server, and also serve to effeciently broadcast status messages concerning the live auction received from the auction server to a large number of remote client programs running on remote computers.

The auction server is a centralized connection point that interconnects collector/redistributor nodes, on-site auction consoles, and a database that computationally mirrors the states of one or more live auctions and that stores detailed information about both on-going and upcoming auctions. The auction server is the focal point for collecting bids from remote bidders and for distributing status information about one or more concurrent live auctions to remote bidders. Moreover, the auction server manages extensive information about current and future auctions, including detailed inventory lists and lot assignments. The auction server is directly connected to root-level collector/redistributor nodes and is also connected, via the Internet, to one or more auction consoles.

The auction console is a program running on a computer, often a laptop computer, that interacts with a human proxy in the audience of the live

auction . The human proxy is notified of bids from remote bidders via the auction console program and may submit bids to the auctioneer during the auction process. The human proxy monitors the auction , reports changes in the state, such as successful bids or sales, as well as changes in the lot sequence or assignments via the auction console program to the auction server.

The DILA solves the problems associated with distributing a real-time, live auction using...

...The DILA architecture provides an efficient extremely fast medium for distributing status information about an auction to a large number of remote bidders and for collecting bids from remote bidders and presenting them to the auctioneer. The present system thus provides a method for bringing the excitement and time efficiency of a live auction to remote bidders over the Internet.

Brief Description of the Dravvinas

Figures 1-2 are state transition diagrams illustrating a silent...

...illustrates the basic system architecture of the DLA that enables rapid, real-time provision of auction status information to remote bidders and rapid, real -time provision of remote bids from remote bidders to an DLA human proxy attending a live auction .

Figures 5-8 illustrate the basic client/DLA transactions of the DILA transaction model.

Figure...silent auction model and the real-time, live auction model.

The overall architecture of the Internet -enabled Distributed Live Auction ("DLA") system is also presented in the first subsection. In the second subsection, the user interface provided to a remote the BLA is described, along with descriptions of messages passed between the client program... Figure 2 shows a representative state transition diagram for a lot in a real-time, live auction . As in Figure 1, a lot enters the state "lot registered" 202 via a registration transition 204. The lot may be registered by the auction house or auctioneer via Internet -based methods, or by additional communications methods, including telephone, mailings, and fax. At some specified time interval, the lot transitions to either the state "pre-bid" 206 via transition 208 or to the "open f or bidding" state 210 via transition 212. In the pre-bid state, preliminary bids are accepted f or the lot, prior to the lot becoming active during the auction , from remote transition 214. These pre-bids trigger the activation of a bidding agent that automatically produces **bids** after the lot transitions to the state "open for **bidding** "210, discussed below, until either the prebidder wins, or the high bid exceeds the pre-bidder 's bid value.

After another interval of time, the lot transitions from the pre-bid state either...Thus, a relatively large amount of state information concerning a lot must be transferred to remote bidders at extremely rapid rates. Delays on the order of seconds may seriously inhibit a remote bidder 's ability to effectively participate in the live auction. As mentioned above, only a single lot can be in any of the active states at any instant of time during the action process period. Thus, the remote bidders must be rapidly notified of changes in lot sequences and lot assignments in order to intelligently participate in the bidding. For example, if a complex lot has been divided by the auctioneer during the auction, and a remote bidder is interested in purchasing a single item from the original 7 complex lot, the remote

bidder needs to aware that the remote bidder may have a second chance to bid on the desired item later in auction, following auction of the first of the divided lots, in order to avoid bidding too aggressively for the first of the divided lots. Thus, not only must a large amount of status information concerning the state of a given lot be distributed to remote bidders, but a large amount of additional information concerning lot re-sequencing and reassignment must also be imparted to remote bidders in real time. A reader skilled in the art of implementing Internet based commerce media will appreciate that implementation of Internet based live auctions involves a far more complex and technologically demanding solution than implementation of the silent auction model diagrammed in Figure 1 and discussed above.

Figure 3 illustrates, at a high level, the DLA methodology for implementing Internet -based live auctions. The live auction occurs in front of a live audience of bidders 302. The auction is conducted by one or more auctioneers 304. A DILA human proxy 306 is also present within the in -person audience of bidders. The BLA human proxy 306 monitors the auction, including bids made by in -person bidders as well as statements made by the auctioneer 304, and enters the bids and statements into the DLA auction console running on a computer system 308. In a preferred embodiment, a laptop PC may be used to run the OLA auction console for reasons of ease of use and portability. The information regarding the status of the auction entered by the DLA human proxy 306 into the DLA auction console running on the computer 308 is transferred via the Internet 310 to the DILA auction server 312.

The DLA auction server 312 may be implemented on one or more high-end server PCs, workstations, mini computers, or mainframes. The DLA auction server 312 incorporates the incoming status information from the DLA human proxy 306 into a database representation of the instantaneous state of the auction , and, at the same time, broadcasts status updates via bidders 316-319. The remote the **Internet** 314 to a number of **remote** auction via the status bidders 316-319 monitor the live information broadcast from the DILA auction server 312, and may also listen to the auction via real -time audio broadcast of the live auction or watch the auction via real -time video broadcast of the auction captured by one or more recording devices (not shown) and live transmitted to the remote bidders via the Internet or possibly through other communications media, including cable TV and radio. The bidders may submit bids for particular items in real -time , just as if they were present, in -person , in the audience 302.

bidders submit a bid via the DLA client program running an Remote bidders ' computer system, for example computer system 320, the **remote** which are then transmitted via the Internet 314 to the auction server 312. Remote bids are filtered and verified by the DLA system so that only valid bids from authorized remote bidders are transmitted by the DLA auction server 312 to the DILA human proxy 306 via the Internet 310 and the DLA auction console running the DILA human proxy's computer OLA 308. Upon receiving a remote bid from a remote bidder , the DILA human proxy 306 may then interact with the auctioneer 304 to submit the bid . If the bid is accepted, that fact, like any other status information concerning the live auction , is submitted by the DLA human proxy 306 via the DLA auction console running an the DLA human proxy's computer 308 and the Internet 310 to the DILA auction server 312 for subsequent broadcast to the remote **bidders** 316-319. In order for the remote bidders to effectively participate in the auction , the remote bidders need to receive status updates from the live auction in time periods on the order of a second or less, 8 and, in the same time interval, need to be able to submit bids

that appear on the OLA auction console running on the DLA human proxy's computer 308.

Figure 4 illustrates the basic system architecture of the DLA that enables rapid real-time provision of auction status information to remote bidders and rapid, real -time provision of remote bidders to the DLA human proxy attending the live from remote auction . As mentioned above, the BLA auction console program runs on a computer 402 located on -site at the live auction . The DLA auction console program communicates with the DLA auction server program that runs on one or more server computers 404 via the Internet 406. The DLA auction server program stores and retrieves data from a centralized database 406. The centralized database 406 contains information about ongoing and upcoming auctions , including detailed status information that provides a computational snapshot in time of the state of all ongoing auctions , as well as information related to the lot inventories and lot sequencing for both ongoing and upcoming auctions .

Many thousands or hundreds of thousands of remote bidders may participate in a given auction. The BLA must therefore incorporate technology to enable status information concerning an ongoing auction to be broadcast, in real -time, to the remote bidders and to enable bids to be transmitted from the remote bidders, in real -time, to the auction console program running as the on -site computer 402. The preferred embodiment for this technology is illustrated in Figure 4. The auction server program running on the server computer 404 is directly interconnected via a communications network 410 to a number of root-level collector/redistributor nodes 412 and 414. Although only two root-level collector/redistributor nodes are shown in Figure 4, the auction server program, as currently implemented, may be interconnected directly with up to ten route-level...

- ... Each root-level redistributor node, for example collectorfredistributor node 412, is connected via a communications **network**, for example communications **network** 414, to a next-lower-level set of collector/redistributor nodes, for example collector/redistributor...
- ...redistributor node levels are dynamically configured in order to support an arbitrary number of connected remote bidders . The hierarchical fan out of levels of collector/redistributor nodes provides for rapid, concurrent distribution of information to remote bidder computers and rapid filtering and collection of bids from remote computers. The leaf-level collector/redistributor nodes, called "first-line nodes" 418, 420, 422, 424, each supports a large number of connections via the internet 426 to a large number of remote bidders computers, such as remote bidders computers 428-437. A first-line computers, such as remote collector/redistributor node may be concurrently connected to up to 200 bidders ' computers in a preferred embodiment. The collector/redistributor nodes and the server computer 404 are interconnected by high-speed network communications 410 and 416. Thus, status inf ormation may travel f rom the on -site computer 402 to a bidders ' computer, f or example remote bidders ' computer 428, via an initial Internet connection 406, a series of high-speed communications network transfers 410 and 416, and a second connection 440. The TCP/IP connections of the...
- ...are multiplexed through a single port, using a multiplexer, because serially sending status information to **remote bidders** 'computers via one or a small number of processes from the server computer 404 would be far too slow for the purposes of informed **remote bidder** participation in the **live auction**. Similarly, the hierarchical interconnection of collector/redistributor nodes allows for filtering **bids**, using a

variety of criteria, including lot and auction ID verification, bid value, and various bid inventory checks. The bid inventory checks include checks to make sure that there is sufficient inventory available for a particular bid and to make sure the bid meets minimum inventory requirements established on the floor by the auctioneer, e.g. minimum quantities in quantity lots. Only valid bids with the highest detected bid prices submitted by the remote bidders 'computers connected to a particular collector/redistributor noda are propagated back towards the server computer 404. This greatly reduces network traffic and message handling in upstream collector/redistributor nodes, the server computer 404, and the on -site computer 402.

DLA Transaction Model

Figures 5-8 illustrate the basic client/DLA transaction model...on those lots offering a pre bid option.

Figure 8 illustrates client participation in a **live** auction . A client requests of list of ongoing auctions from the OLA in step 802, and the DLA returns the requested information in step 804 to the OLA client program which then displays a list of ongoing auctions to the client in a list of auctions screen 806. As in Figures 6 and 7, the exchange represented by steps 802 and...

...may involve additional sub-exchanges of information in order to retrieve sub-lists of ongoing auctions according to various categories selected by the client. In stop 806, the client selects an auction from the list of auctions and indicates via a user interface object that the client wishes to join that auction . Once the BLA has verified the client's prior registration for the auction , or alternatively, conducts an auction registration dialogue with the client, the DLA client program displays an auction status screen 808 and the client is continuously updated by status information received from the DLA auction console via the OLA auction server program in steps 810, 812, and 814. The status information messages are received by the DLA client program from the DLA as frequently as the status of the live auction is updated by the DLA human proxy's manipulation of the DLA auction console user interface, or as fast as automatic status updates are generated by incoming bids . The client's auction status screen is continuously Internet being updated to reflect the new asking price. If the remote using the DLA client program wishes to submit a bid , he or she clicks a bid button 818, resulting in submission of a bid whose value is equivalent to the current asking price displayed an the client's auction status screen. Once the bid button 818 is clicked, the OLA client program sends a bid message via the Internet to a front-line collector Iredistributor node in stop 820. The bid is filtered through the DLA and may end up displayed to the DLA human proxy on the OLA auction console. If the client's bid is presented by the DLA human proxy and accepted by the auctioneer, that acceptance will be reflected to the client by subsequent update of the auction status screen 808 via reception by the DLA client program of a subsequent status message from the DLA. If the client's bid is a winning bid , then the client's auction registration information is submitted to the auction or auction management organization, and the client is notified via the action status screen 808, and additionally...

...a telephone call, or some other method. Note that the client who submits a winning bid is contractually bound to submit payment for the good or service, just as a member of the audience present at the site of the live auction is bound to honor a winning bid.

Figure 9 is a representation of the user interface displayed to the DLA human proxy...



- ...embodiment, the OLA auction console consists of a Java 1. 02 applet running in a web browser, either Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator/Communicator. It maintains a continuous connection with the central auction server to transmit and receive information in real time . The BLA auction console displays the user interface shown in Figure 9. Certain status messages are displayed in...
- ...correct product is being sold and that the correct information is being passed to the remote bidders . Text displayed in red indicates that a bidder is currently leading. The center of the user interface consists of an array of buttons 906 used to establish a current bid , a bid increment, and an asking bid . These values can also be typed in directly. Along the top of the user interface...
- ...by the human proxy to set specific status flags that are sent to the BLA auction server, and subsequently by the DLA auction server to bidders , and are also displayed on the right-hand status remote readout. The button "Sold Local"916 sets the sold status flag with the last recorded value from a local bidder , and the button "Next Item" 918 indicates to the server that the next lot number...
- ...text entry field "jump to"920 to enter a lot number to tell the BLA auction server to load the description and details for a different lot. Using the flash text...
- ... of the user interface, the DLA human proxy can choose to send to the DLA auction server informational or flavor text selected from a series of canned phrases designated ahead of time by the auction house . If none of the canned phrases are appropriate, a text message can be entered and
- ...of the real-time information exchange between the DLA human proxy on-site at a live auction and the many remote auction via the Internet . Both the status participating in a live message, 1002, and the bid message 1102, contain lower-level protocol headers and information that allow the messages to be routed through the Internet and through high-speed communications networks. The fields in both the status message 1002 and the bid message
 - 1102 following the low-level protocol information fields 1004 and 1104, respectively, comprise the...
- ...1006 that indicates the type of message, in this case, a status message; (2) an auction ID field 1008 contains a unique identifier for the auction to which the status message pertains; (3) a lot ID field 1010 that contains a unique identifier for the lot currently being auctioned at the auction identified by the auction ID identifier in the auction ID field 1008; (4) an ask field 1012 that contains the asking price for the lot identified by the lot ID in the lot ID field 1010; (5) a high bid field 1014 containing the highest bid received for the lot identified by contents of the lot ID field 1010; (6) a high bidder field 1016 that indicates the identity of the bidder who submitted the high bid contained the high bid field 1014, where the high bidder may be either a member of the audience present at the live bidder; (7) a status field 1018 that contains the current or a **remote** status for the lot identified in...
- ...lot ID field 1010, or, alternatively, information with regard to status and updates concerning the auction identified by the auction ID contained in the auction ID field 1008; and (9) an available inventory field 1022 that describes the available inventory in the lot. Status messages having the illustrated format are continuously generated by the

DLA auction server program and sent via the BLA system to remote bidders .

The bid message 1102 contains the following fields: (1) a message identifier field 1106 text...

- ...of the DLA system, including the BLA client program, the collector/redistributor node, the OLA auction server program, and the DLA auction console program, will be described in block diagrams and in flow control diagram. These descriptions...
- ...embodiments, a different number of basic DLA components may be employed to implement the DLA auction methodology described above Figure 12 is a block diagram of the DILA client program. The...
- ...components: (1) A TCP/IP connection manager 1204 that transmits all outgoing messages to the **Internet** and receives all incoming messages from the **Internet**; (2) a connectivity manager 1206 that monitors message traffic to detect connection failures and that...a user interface module 1210 that manages the display of graphical information, such as the **live** auction status screen, to a remote bidder; (5) an operating system interface 1212 that represents the various operating system calls employed by...
- ...the DLA client program, including memory allocated to various state variables such as the current **auction** ID and lot 10; and (7) the client process 1216 that interconnects the user interface...
- ...functionality supported by the DLA client program, such as the client registration transactions, the client auction registration transactions, client browsing of auction inventories, and client participation in live auctions, discussed above in the previous subsection.

Figure 13 is a flow control diagram of that...

- ...1) a client connection manager 1404 that manages a number of TCP/IP connections to remote bidders , currently capable of handling up to 200 simultaneous TCP/IP connections; (2) a decryption module 1406 used by the client collection manager 1404 to decrypt incoming encrypted messages bidders; (3) an OS interface 1408 similar in function to from remote the OS interface of the DLA validate incoming messages from remote bidders with regard to authorization and registration of the remote bidder to participate in a particular auction; (5) a memory and state variable component 1412 similar in nature to the memory and state variable component of the DLA client program (1214 in Figure 12); (6 an auction server connection manager 1414 that passes filtered bids bidders to the next highest-level collector/redistributor from remote node, or, in the case of a root-level collector/redistributor, to the BLA auction server program, and that receives status messages from the DLA auction server program to distribute to remote bidders; and (7) a collector/redistributor module 1416 that ties together the client collection manager 1404...
- ...of a first-line collector/redistributor, the memory and state variable component 1412, and the auction server connection manager 1414 in order to implement the status distribution operation and remote bid filtering and pass-through operation that form the basis of the collectortredistributor node functionality related to the conduct of a live auction over the Internet.

Figure 15 is a flow control diagram of that portion of the

collector/redistributor node related to the parrying out of one or more simultaneous live auctions over the Internet by the DLA. The callectorkedistributor essentially waits, in an endless loop, for one of a...

...the collector/redistributor is a first-line collector/redistributor, and the collector/redistributor receives a bid message from a remote bidder, as detected in step 1502, the collector/redistributor checks, in step 1504, the auction 10 and lot ID against a list of current auctions and their respective current lot numbers to determine whether the **bid** is valid. Also in step 1504, the collector/redistributor checks the **bid** amount contained in the **bid** field of the **bid** message against the current high bid received for the identified lot of the identified auction . Only if the bid is higher then the current highest bid for the identified auction , as detected by the collector/redistributor from bid messages received from other remote bidders or from status messages received from the OLA auction server, will the collector/redistributor forward the bid on to the DLA auction server. If the ${\bf bid}\$ is valid and represents a higher ${\bf bid}$, as detected in step 1506, the collector/redistributor submits the bid to either a next- highest-level collector/redistributor or to the DLA auction server in step 1508, after which the collector/redistributor continues to wait for another event. On the other hand, if the bid does not pass the filter, as detected in step 1506, the collector/redistributor simply resumes waiting for another event The collector/redistributor node may employ a hash table containing auction 10, lot 10, and high bid triples in order to facilitate rapid filtering of a bid . If the collector/redistributor receives a status message from the OLA auction server program, ...collector/redistributor receives a request from a DLA client program to connect to an ongoing auction , as detected in step 1514, the collector/redistributor validates the DLA client program against the validation database in step 1516. If the DLA client program, and remote bidder that has invoked it, is properly authorized, as detected in step 1518, the collector/redistributor accepts the connection and places a unique client identifier associated with an auction 10 into an active client list in step 1520, and then resumes waiting for another...

- ...the collector/redistributor determines that the client is not authorized to participate in the desired **auction**, as detected in step 1518, then the collector/redistributor refuses the connection request in stop...
- ...another event. If the collector/redistributor receives a client request to terminate connection to an **auction**, as detected in step 1524, the collector/redistributor removes the client from the active client...
- ...resumes waiting for another event. If the collector/redistributor receives a message from the BLA auction server indicating that an auction has finished, as detected in step 1528, the collector/redistributor removes the auction ID from the list of active auction ID's in step 1530 and then resumes waiting for another event. If the collector/redistributor receives an auction starting message from the BLA auction server, as detected in step 1532, the collector/redistributor adds the ID of the starting auction to a list of active auction ID's in step 1534, and then resumes waiting for another event. On the other...1712 that manages TCP/IP connections to one or more DLA auction console programs running on -site computers; (4) an encryptionidecryption module 1714 that decrypts incoming messages and encrypts outgoing messages; and (5) a auction server component 1716 that interconnects the memory component 1704, the OS interface component 1706, the database component 1710, the collector/ redistributor manager 1708, and the auction console connection manager 1712 to implement the



f unctionalities provided by the DLA auction server to : acilitate Internet -based live auctions .

Figure 18 is a flow control diagram for that portion of the DLA auction server program involved in implementing real -time Internet -based live auctions. This portion of the BLA auction server program essentially waits in an endless loop for events to occur, and then handles the events. If the BLA auction server program receives an auction start message from and BLA auction console program, as detected in step 1802, the DLA auction server program adds the auction ID to a list of active auctions, sends a start message to root-level collector/redistributor nodes in step 1804, and then resumes waiting for another event. If the OLA auction server program receives a bid from a root-level collector/redistributor node, as detected in step 1806, DLA auction server program calls the routine "bid" in step 1808 to handle the received bid message and then resumes waiting for another event. If the DLA auction server program receives...

...the next lot and generates a new status message.

As another example, if the DLA auction server receives a "Console State" sync message from the console, it sets the state of...

- ...certain of the active states discussed above with reference to Figure 2. If the BLA auction server receives a "Flash Text" sync message from the console, it sets a flash text...
- ...flash text message and generates a new status message to the clients. If the DLA auction server receives a "Jump Lot" sync message from the console, it sets a lot cursor...
- ...in step 18 16. That routine essentially maintains the correspondence between the computational image of live auctions stored in the DLA database and the live auctions via the incoming sync messages from the DLA auction console, and generates status messages, when necessary, to update the auction status screen displayed to remote bidders.

If the DLA auction server program receives an end of auction message from an OLA...control program diagram of the routine "sync." The routine "sync" is called by the DLA auction server in step 1816 in Figure 18. In stop 2002, the DLA auction server updates in-memory structures and database entries in order to ensure that the computational representation of the live auction from which the sync message is sent corresponds to the state of the live auction. If the sync message describes a state change that must be passed on to remote bidders for display by the DLA client program, then the routine "sync" generates a corresponding status...

Claim

... A system for conducting real time auctions, comprising:

an auction server which maintains real time auction state information based at least upon bid messages from remote users; and a plurality of nodes coupled between the auction server and the remote users, the nodes configured to pass auction state information from the auction server to the remote users, and configured to pass bid messages from the remote users to the auction server; wherein at least some of the plurality of nodes are configured to filter bid messages from the remote users based on state information received from the auction server, to thereby prevent bid messages that do not affect the state of an auction from unnecessarily being passed to the auction server.

2. The system as in laim 1, wherein the plurality of nodes include multiple...

...program that communicates with the auction server and provides functions for a human operate: to participate in a live auction as a proxy for the remote users.

9. The system as in Claim 8, wherein the auction console program includes user interface functions for the human operator to select predetermined auction status...

20/5,K/19 (Item 4 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext
(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00722029 **Image available**

INTEGRATED AUCTION FOR REMOTE ONLINE BIDDERS AND LIVE PARTICIPANTS AT AN AUCTION SITE

VENTE AUX ENCHERES POUR OFFRANTS DISTANTS EN LIGNE ET PARTICIPANTS EN SALLE Patent Applicant/Assignee:

EBAY INC, Suite 350, 2005 Hamilton Avenue, San Jose, CA 95125, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (For all designated states except: US) Patent Applicant/Inventor:

HANDLER Bradley A, 1030 Helm Lane, Foster City, CA 94404, US, US (Residence), US (Nationality), (Designated only for: US)

Legal Representative:

MILLIKEN Darren J, Blakely, Sokoloff, Taylor & Zafman LLP, 7th floor, 12400 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, CA 90025, US

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200034899 A1 20000615 (WO 0034899)

Application: WO 99US29312 19991208 (PCT/WO US9929312)

Priority Application: US 98111717 19981208

Designated States: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

(EP) AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

(OA) BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

(AP) GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW

(EA) AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/30

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 3500

English Abstract

A method and apparatus are provided for conducting an integrated auction that incorporates various features of traditional and online auctions . According to one aspect of the present invention, the integrated auction includes a live , in -person auction component (620) and bidding environment component. Bidding information an online associated with an item in the online bidding environment is updated to reflect a current bid associated with the item in the live , in auction , a bid auction . During the live , in -person person bidder in the online environment may be accepted from an online that reflects a maximum price the online bidder is willing to pay for the item. Subsequently, the system bids on behalf of the online bidder against one or more live bidders that are participating in the live, in -person auction based upon the maximum price (640).

French Abstract

L'invention concerne un procede et un appareil qui permettent d'effectuer une vente aux encheres integree comprenant plusieurs caracteristiques des ventes aux encheres traditionnelle et en ligne. Selon un aspect de cette invention, la vente aux encheres integree comporte une partie en personne et en salle (620) et une partie environnement d'offres en ligne. Les donnees concernant les offres liees a un article de l'environnement en ligne sont mises a jour de facon a refleter une offre actuelle liee a un article de la vente en personne et en salle. Au cours de la vente en personne et en salle, une offre peut etre acceptee par un offrant en ligne refletant un prix maximal qu'il est pret a payer pour l'article. Le systeme fait par consequent des offres au nom de l'offrant en ligne contre au moins un offrant en salle participant a la vente aux encheres en personne et en salle, basee sur le prix le plus eleve (640).

Legal Status (Type, Date, Text)

Publication 20000615 A1 With international search report.

Publication 20000615 Al Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

Examination 20000914 Request for preliminary examination prior to end of 19th month from priority date

INTEGRATED AUCTION FOR REMOTE ONLINE BIDDERS AND LIVE PARTICIPANTS AT AN AUCTION SITE

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description Claims

English Abstract

A method and apparatus are provided for conducting an integrated auction that incorporates various features of traditional and online . According to one aspect of the present invention, the integrated auction includes a live , in -person auction component (620) and bidding environment component. Bidding information an **online** associated with an item in the online bidding environment is updated to reflect a current bid associated with the item in the live , in person auction . During the live , in -person auction , a bid bidder in the online environment may be accepted from an online that reflects a maximum price the online bidder is willing to pay for the item. Subsequently, the system bids on behalf of the online bidder against one or more live bidders that are participating in the live, in -person auction based upon the maximum price (640).

Detailed Description

INTEGRATED AUCTION FOR REMOTE ONLINE BIDDERS AND LIVE PARTICIPANTS AT AN AUCTION SITE This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/111,717...

...BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A method and apparatus are described for conducting an integrated auction that incorporates various features of traditional and online auctions. According to one aspect of the present invention, the integrated auction includes a live, in -person auction component and an online bidding environment component. Bidding information associated with an item in the online bidding environment is updated to reflect a current bid associated with the item in the live, in -person auction. During the live, in -person auction, a bid may be accepted from an online bidder in the online environment that reflects a maximum price the online bidder is willing to pay for

the item. Subsequently, the system bids on behalf of the online bidder against one or more live bidders that are participating in the live, in person auction based upon the maximum price.

Other features of the present invention will be apparent from the present invention.

Figure 2 is an exemplary **online** auction site screen that allows **online** bidders to **participate** in an integrated auction according to one embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 3 is an example of a...

...in greater detail below, the present invention includes features that seek to enhance the traditional auctioning experience. According to one embodiment, an integrated auction incorporates various features of traditional and Internet auctions (also referred to as online auctions). In a first stage of the integrated auction , e.g., the "pre auction bidding stage," a starting bid for a traditional, live auction may be established based upon bids received from online bidders . Subsequently, in a second stage of the integrated auction , e.g., the "live auction stage," a live auction is conducted by an auction house , such as Guernsey's, using the highest bid from the bidding stage. During the live auction stage, pre-auction bidding information is updated on the online auction site and online bidders may submit additional maximum proxy amounts. Finally, in an optional third stage of the integrated auction , e.g., the "proxy bidder 's maximum proxy price is showdown stage, " if an online greater than the highest bid from the live auction stage, then the integrated auction returns to the live auction until the proxy price has been met. Advantageously, in this manner, the reach of traditional auctions may be expanded via the Internet .

In the preferred embodiment, the steps of the present invention are embodied in machine-executable...text document coded in a standard markup language such as HyperText Markup Language (HTML).

Exemplga Online Auctioning Site Interface Figure 2 is an exemplary auction site screen that allows online bidders to online participate in an integrated auction . According to one embodiment, when an online bidder requests to view items associated with an integrated auction , screen 200 is presented with a textual list of items 205. In this example, each...processes according to one embodiment of the present invention. According to the embodiment depicted, an online auction site 400 may comprise one or more listing servers 410. In this example, the listing servers 410 include a listing management online process 415, a proxy bidding process 425, and a live auction interface 430. Clients 470 interact with the listing management process 415 and the proxy bidding process 425 to view information about items for sale and submit proxy prices, respectively.

The...

...online bidders as other bidders (online or on-site bidders) increase the bid price.

The live auction interface 430 provides an interface by which online bids may be communicated to the on -site bidders and live bids may be communicated to the proxy bidding process 425 and updated on various online auction site screens.

While, in order to facilitate explanation, the listing servers 410 are

generally discussed ...

- ...machine. Also, any process may be divided across multiple machines. ExemplgU Stages of an Integrated Auction Figure 5 conceptually illustrates the stages of an integrated auction according to one embodiment of the present invention. In this example, an integrated auction comprises three separate and distinct stages: a pre-auction bidding stage 530, a live auction stage 540, and a proxy showdown stage 550. Bidding results may be fed from one stage to the next and the results from a...
- ...may serve as the floor for the following stage. For example, an initial round of online bidding 530 taking place over a predetermined period of time may establish a starting bid 5 10 for the live auction stage 540. At the conclusion of the live auction stage 540, if one or more online bidders have submitted maximum proxy prices that are greater than the final bid from the live auction stage 540, the proxy showdown stage 550 is triggered in which the live auction continues until the maximum proxy price has been met.

Integrated Auction Flow

Referring now to the flow diagram of Figure 6, exemplary integrated auction processing will now be described. At step 610, a minimum bid auction stage 540 is established by an online for the live site 400. For example, one or more online bidders may submit maximum bid amounts to the proxy bidding process 425 to have the proxy bidding process 425 bid on their behalf Other bidders may choose to monitor the pre-auction bidding stage 530 and periodically submit bids . When the predetermined time period for the pre-auction bidding stage 530 expires, the highest bid is presented to the house via the live auction interface 430. In this manner, auction the starting bid for the live auction stage 540 is established in a new and exciting way, thereby creating additional hype about the auction . At step 620, the auction house conducts a live auction starting the bidding at the dollar amount provided by the online auction site 400. During the live auction , live bids by the on -site bidders may be communicated to the online bidders via the live auction interface 430.

Additionally, the online bidders may be provided with teleconferencing or other means of monitoring the progress of the live auction 540. At any rate, at the conclusion of the live final bid is input into the live auction interface 430. At step 630, a determination is made whether or not to perform a proxy showdown. If one or more online bidders have submitted a maximum roxy price greater than the highest bid from the live auction stage, then processing continues with step 640. Otherwise, the integrated auction is complete. At step 640, the on -site bidders are pitted against the one or more online bidders ' proxies. As above, live bids are presented to the online auction site 400 via the live auction interface 430 to allow the online bidders to view near real -time updates. As explained previously, the proxy bidding process 425 will automatically bid on behalf of the online bidders as necessary until the maximum is exceeded. Therefore, step 640 continues until either all maximum proxy prices have been exceeded or until no further live bids are received.

In the foregoing specification, the invention has been described with reference to specific...

Claim CLAIMS



What is claimed is:

1 A method comprising:

updating bidding information associated with an item in a online environment to reflect a current bid associated with the item in a live, in -person auction; accepting a bid from an online bidder in the online environment reflecting the online bidder 's maximum proxy price; and bidding on behalf of the online bidder against one or more live bidders that are participating in the live, in -person auction based upon the maximum proxy price.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein said bidding one behalf of the online bidder...

...bidder.

- 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising: prior to the live, in-person auction, establishing a starting bid for the item by performing a pre-auction bidding process in the online environment for a predetermined amount of time; and communicating the starting bid for the item to the live, in -person auction.
- 4. A method comprising:

establishing a starting bid for an item for a live portion of an auction by performing a pre-auction bidding process in an online environment for a predetermined amount of time; communicating the starting bid for the item to the live portion of the auction; and during the live auction portion of the auction updating bidding information associated with the item in the online environment to reflect a current bid associated with the item in the live portion of the auction, accepting a bid from an online bidder in the online environment reflecting the online bidder 's maximum proxy price, and bidding against one or more live bidders that are present at the live auction portion of the auction until the maximum proxy price has been met.

5. A computer system comprising:
a storage device having stored therein a one or more routines for
integrating an **online bidding** process with a **live** portion of an
auction; a processor coupled to the storage device for executing the one
or more routines to provide feedback to **online bidders** in an **online**environment during the **live** portion of the auction and serve as a
proxy **bidder** for the **online bidders**, where:

a starting bid is established for an item for the live portion of the auction by performing a pre-auction bidding process in the online environment for a predetermined amount of time; feedback is provided to the online bidders by updating bidding information associated with the item in the online environment to reflect a current bid associated with the item during the live portion of the auction, and proxy bidding is accomplished by accepting a bid from one or more of the an online bidders reflecting the online bidders 'maximum proxy price and bidding on behalf of the one or more online bidders against one or more live bidders participating in the live portion of the auction until each of the one or more online bidders 'maximum proxy price has been met.

6. A machine-readable medium having stored thereon data representing sequences of...

Re

...executed by a processor, cause the processor to perform the steps of:

establishing a starting bid for an item for a live portion of an auction by performing a pre-auction bidding process in an online environment for a predetermined amount of time; communicating the starting bid for the item to the live portion of the auction ; and auction portion of the auction updating bidding during the live information associated with the item in the online environment to reflect a current bid associated with the item in the live portion of the auction , accepting a bid from an online bidder in the online environment reflecting the online bidder 's maximum proxy , and bidding against one or more live bidders that are present at auction portion of the auction until the maximum the live price has been met.

20/5,K/20 (Item 5 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT Fulltext
(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00712349 **Image available**

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR NEGOTIATING USING AN ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION NETWORK

PROCEDE ET APPAREIL PERMETTANT DE NEGOCIER L'UTILISATION D'UN RESEAU DE COMMUNICATIONS ELECTRONIQUE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL, UNIVERSITY OF BRISTOL , Senate House, Tyndall Avenue, Bristol BS8 1TH , GB

Inventor(s):

VULKAN Nir, VULKAN, Nir , Pembroke Grove Cottage, Pembroke Grove, Clifton, Bristol BS8 3DA , GB

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 0025242 A1 20000504 (WO 200025242)
Application: WO 99GB3528 19991025 (PCT/WO GB9903528)

Priority Application: GB 9823321 19981023

Designated States: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CR CU CZ DE DK DM EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW GH GM KE LS MW SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

Main International Patent Class: G06F-017/60;

Publication Language: English

Filing Language: English Fulltext Availability:

Detailed Description

Claims

Fulltext Word Count: 11142

English Abstract

Parties negotiate using an electronic network, such as the world wide web. A set of hypotheses describing the negotiation is generated, either at a central location or by one of the parties. The hypotheses are each associated with a confidence value. For example, the hypotheses may describe the types of parties negotiating, or their objectives. The negotiation can then be controlled using the confidence values, either by using the confidence values to control the protocol (framework) of the negotiation, or by one of the parties basing its negotiating strategy on the confidence values. The confidence values, and even the hypotheses themselves, can be updated according to observations during the course of the negotiation.

French Abstract

Les parties negocient a l'aide d'un reseau electronique, tel que le Web. Un ensemble d'hypotheses decrivant la negociation est produit, soit au niveau d'un emplacement central, soit par l'une des parties. Ces hypotheses sont chacune associees a un coefficient de confiance. Les hypotheses peuvent par exemple decrire les types de parties negociantes, ou leurs objectifs. La negociation peut ensuite etre commandee a l'aide de coefficients de confiance, soit par utilisation de ce coefficient pour commander le protocole (Framework) de la negociation, soit par l'une des parties basant sa strategie de negociation sur ledit coefficient de confiance. Ces coefficients de confiance ainsi que les hypotheses elles-memes peuvent etre mis a jour en fonction d'observations pendant la negociation.

Legal Status (Type, Date, Text)

Examination 20000713 Request for preliminary examination prior to end of 19th month from priority date

Fulltext Availability: Detailed Description

Detailed Description

... good as that of another, more expensive, seller)? How should the buyer bid if she participates in several on -line auctions? These issues are significant even if the number of potential suppliers is relatively small: If...I:

These will be described later.

Type II:

These will be described later.

Example 3: On -line auction houses

An on -line auction is a situation where one seller (or buyer), sells (or buys) a good or service through an SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26) auction protocol, to 2 or more potential buyers (sellers).

Auctions are among the simplest cases of a trading environment because there are only...

20/5,K/21 (Item 6 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT Fulltext

(c) 2001 WIPO/MicroPat. All rts. reserv.

00711014 **Image available**

DOCUMENTS FOR COMMERCE IN TRADING PARTNER NETWORKS AND INTERFACE DEFINITIONS BASED ON THE DOCUMENTS

DOCUMENTS POUR LE COMMERCE UTILISES DANS DES RESEAUX DE PARTENAIRES COMMERCIAUX ET DEFINITIONS D'INTERFACES FONDEES SUR CES DOCUMENTS Patent Applicant/Assignee:

COMMERCE ONE INC, COMMERCE ONE, INC., 7th Floor, 2440 West El Camino Real, Mountain View, CA 94040, US

Inventor(s):

MELTZER Bart Alan, MELTZER, Bart, Alan , 530 Santa Marguarita, Aptos, CA 95003 , US

ALLEN Terry, ALLEN, Terry, 234 Sebastopol Road, Sebastopol, CA 95473, US

FUCHS Matthew Daniel, FUCHS, Matthew, Daniel , 16229 Jacaranda Way, Los Gatos, CA 95032 , US

GLUSHKO Robert John, GLUSHKO, Robert, John , 159 Mendosa Avenue, San